

IF YOU ARE WISE

You will take all the comfort you can in your life.

One of the best ways to take comfort is to take it in an easy Rocker. Its just wonderful what rest a Side-arm, easy seat and easy-back Rocker is to a tired out woman or man.

And the surest way to get such a rocker is to get it from us.

My store holds a big showing of fancy rockers. A soft-cushioned roomy rocker for the father; smaller, daintier, but just as comfortable, rockers for the mother.

Rockers for everyone at prices for every purse. \$3.00 buys a very handsome rocker indeed. More money buys better ones.

M. A. BOGGER, Furniture and Undertaking.



Show us a Job,

And we will show how promptly and well it can be done. Everything in the line of

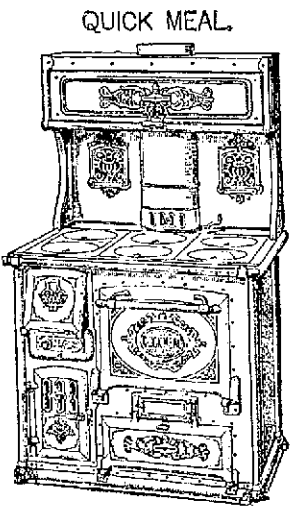
PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS-FITTING

comes within our province. Got the skill and experience necessary to undertake and push to satisfactory completion the most difficult piece of work.

Our estimates will prove we are not high priced.

Gitchell, Lubeck Co.

Quick Meal Ranges.



R U

Going to buy a Steel Range, a Sewing Machine or anything in House Furnishing Goods, if so

U R

Best serving your own interests by going where the best and most complete stock of Hardware, Stoves, Nickel Plated Ware, Shears and Cutlery in the county is kept.

Centralia Hdw. Co.

MORE NEW BOOKS.

Another installment of Fact and Fiction at the Public Library.

Following is a list of new books received this week at the T. H. Scott Free library. The fiction will be ready for distribution on Monday:

- Miscellaneous.
- Brown, Abbie F.—Book of Saints and Friendly Beasts.
- Clymer, W. B. S.—James Fenimore Cooper.
- Field, Eugene—With Trumpet and Drum.
- Alden, R. M.—Art of Debate.
- Thompson, Maurice—My Winter Garden.
- Jastrow, Joseph—Fact and Fable in Psychology.
- Roosevelt, Theodore—The strenuous Life.
- Jones, M. C.—European Travel for Women.
- Jenks, Albert A.—Childhood of Jishib the Ojibwa.
- Kostand, Edmund—L'Aiglon.
- Williams, H. S.—Story of Nineteenth Century Science.
- Lang, Andrew—Cinderella, and other stories.
- Burroughs, John—Squirrels.
- Hillis, N. D.—Influence of Christ in Modern Life.
- Jenks, Tudor—Boy's Book of Exploration.
- Edwards, M. B.—France of Today.
- Clark, G. O.—Moon Babies.
- Fiction.
- Allston, Margaret—Her Boston Experiences.
- Gilder, Jeanette S.—Autobiography of a Tom-boy.
- Harland, Henry—Cardinal's Snuff-Box.
- Hope, Anthony—Quisante.
- Jackson, G. E.—Pretty Polly Perkins.
- Potter, M. H.—Uncanonized.
- Potter, M. H.—True Annals of Fairy Land.
- Russell, W. C.—Cruise of the Pretty Polly.
- Scott, Sir Walter—Waverly.
- Smith, Gertrude—Roggie and Reggie Stories.
- Thompson, A. R.—Gold-seeking on the Dalton Trail.
- Warman, Cy.—Short Rails.
- Wells, D. D.—Her Ladyship's Elephant.
- White, W. A.—The Court of Boy-wille.

Lenten Regulations.

1. All the days of Lent, Sundays excepted, are fasts of obligation, on which but one full meal is allowed.
 2. The use of flesh meats is allowed, by Apostolic dispensation, at the principal meal only, on all days except Wednesdays and Fridays, and also Saturday of the second or Ember week and of Holy week.
 3. The use of eggs, butter, milk and cheese is by custom allowed through out the Lent, and also the use of lard instead of butter for cooking.
 4. Fish and flesh meat are not permitted to be used at the same meal, not even on Sundays.
 5. A collation or repast may be taken in the evening, but it ought not to exceed the fourth part of an ordinary meal; and a cup of coffee or tea, mixed with a little milk, may be taken with a small slice of bread by those who need it in the morning.
 6. Besides Lent there are, during the year, the following days of fast and abstinence:
a) Wednesday, Friday and Saturday in every Ember week.
b) The Vigils of Pentecost, of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin, of All Saints' Day and of Christmas; likewise the Fridays of Advent.
c) All Fridays during the year are days of abstinence from flesh meat; on Saturdays the use of flesh meat is allowed again for the year by Apostolic dispensation, except in case where a fast day falls on a Saturday.
 7. All must consider themselves as strictly bound to this fast; those only are exempt who are under the age of twenty-one and such persons as are sick, infirm, convalescent or otherwise of a delicate constitution, and whose strength is impaired by old age, nursing or by hard labor. Those who entertain any reasonable doubt about their obligation to fast or abstain ought to have recourse to their respective pastors for advice or dispensation.
 8. Those who are not bound to fast may use flesh meat more than once each day on which its use is permitted. By an indult of the 15th of March, 1895, the Holy See has given, for ten years to the Bishops of the United States the faculty of dispensing in favor of working people from the law abstinence on certain days.
- By virtue of this indult we permit working people and their families to use flesh meat on all fast and abstinence days of the year, except Fridays, Ash Wednesday, Wednesday and Saturday in Holy Week and the Vigil of Christmas. All persons, who make use of this dispensation, are advised to perform some other work of penance or self-denial.
- X. B.—1. The Rev. Rectors are requested to have special Tented devotions in their churches on Wednesday, Friday and Sunday evenings.
2. On the first Sunday in Lent the collections for the Indian and colored missions is to be taken up in all the churches of the diocese.
- JAMES SCHWABACH, Bishop of LaCrosse. LaCrosse, Feb. 12, 1901.
- Lost Three Fingers.
- Philip Haddock met with an accident in the Iron mill on Monday by which he lost three fingers of his left hand. He was working about the calender rolls and his hand was drawn in and two of three fingers crushed so badly that they had to be amputated.

Death of John Eckles.

John Eckles, one of the pioneers of Central Wisconsin, and who had been a resident of Portage county since 1840, died at his home in the village of Plover last Sunday morning. Mr. Eckles, who was in the 84th year of his age, was born in Stark county, Ohio, Apr. 16th, 1815. He followed the life of a river pilot, and was the first person who successfully ran a raft over the dam at Grand Rapids, which he did in 1840. He was a large, powerful man, and is said to have been one of the most successful pilots on the Wisconsin river, following that occupation for over 30 years, or as long as lumber was conveyed to southern markets in this manner. He assisted in opening the first road into the Wisconsin pinery, from Berlin to Plover, and also from Portage to Plover. The funeral took place from the late home in Plover, at two o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Decker, of the M. E. church, officiating, with interment in the Plover cemetery, and was largely attended, old friends being present from various parts.

The Bell-Schalle Nuptials.

On Wednesday evening John C. Bell and Miss Gertrude Schalle, both of this city, were united in marriage at the Lyon House, the home of the bride's father. The ceremony was performed in the hotel parlors, the Rev. W. A. Peterson officiating. Louis Schalle acted in the capacity of groomsmen and Mrs. Mae LaVigne as bridesmaid.

Both of the contracting parties are well known in this city. Miss Schalle is the step-daughter of Landlord Jasper Croteau and has a host of friends among both young and old, having lived in this city and vicinity the greater part of her life.

Mr. Bell has also lived in this city much of his life and is well and favorably known.

The couple left on the 8:40 train for Baraboo, Madison and Oshkosh, expecting to be absent about a week. They will make their home in this city in the future.

Johnson-Cauley.

Gus Johnson of Stevens Point and Miss Alice Cauley of Nekeosa were married Tuesday afternoon at Rudolph. The attendants were Miss McHugh of Marshfield and Mr. Nash of Nekeosa.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson took the train that evening for Wausau and went from there to Stevens Point, remaining until Thursday with her brothers, M. J. and Thomas Cauley, when they will leave for Watervliet, Mich., where Mr. Johnson will be employed in a paper mill. Mr. Johnson is a millwright and is considered an expert in paper mill construction. He has been employed at the Plover mill for a number of years and also at the Nekeosa mills. Miss Cauley was raised in the town of Linwood.

Cooper-Case.

At the Catholic parsonage, in Rudolph on Thursday at 10 o'clock a. m., Miss Ida Case and Raymond Cooper were married. Rev. A. Van Seyer officiated in the ceremony, which was witnessed by relatives and friends of the contracting parties. Miss Laura Provost attended the bride while Myron Reinhardt acted as "best man."

The bride is an estimable young lady and although a resident of Rudolph but a short time she leaves behind a host of friends, to accompany her husband to his farm home near Bonilla, S. D. The young man is a son of J. W. Cooper of that place and is in every way worthy of the young lady he has taken for his wife. We wish them success and happiness.

Next Summer's Trade.

There is little doubt but that the coming summer season will be a lively one for the city of Grand Rapids, unless there is an awful falling off of the projects now in sight.

With the erection of a \$50,000 school house, the building of a dam and its accompanying improvements, of a paper mill, power house, etc., the installation of a waterworks system and the building of a railroad there ought to be work for even the most persistent loafer.

Should it happen that all these improvements are started this year it will indeed make a busy season, one rather too busy for this usually quiet town, and might mean a corresponding relapse after a felicitous building up of values.

One Born Every Minute.

One of the sharpest, although certainly the most simple and apparent confidence game which has been worked in this section for some time, has lately found victims in the town of Berlin and neighboring places. The sharper comes along with a valise full of watches, (cheap ones,) and offers the former one for a price ranging from five to eleven dollars. "We don't want your money," says the sharper, "we'll take your note for it." Many farmers have been caught although no notes have yet appeared at the banks in Wausau or in Merrill. It is expected that the sharpeners have "doctored" the notes so as to raise the denomination. There is one born every minute. —Merrill Advocate.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25 cents at Johnson & Hill Co.'s and John E. Daly's drug stores.

OLD SETTLERS TO MEET.

Will Hold Their Annual Blowout in This City April 11.

The old settlers will hold their annual meeting, banquet and general good time in this city on Monday evening, March 11.

The meeting will be held at the opera house and there is little doubt but that it will be full or interest for the old settlers.

The following committees were appointed for the coming entertainment: Executive—J. A. Gaynor, Mrs. G. W. Baker and Mrs. J. Collier.

Program—F. J. Wood, Mrs. E. C. Rossier, A. J. Fontaine, Mrs. O. Denis and Mrs. C. H. Brown.

Supper—R. E. McFarland, Mrs. J. Canning and Mrs. Belanger.

G. W. Baker was appointed a committee of one to secure the opera house.

A Word to the Wise.

The following paragraph from the Stevens Point Journal is interesting, not because it flatters us, but because it shows how trade is fostered by wise methods of dealing:

Stevens Point is said to be the only trading center in the Wisconsin valley where farmers can get spot cash for produce. In all other towns they are paid in store checks. The effect of these cash transactions may be seen in the constantly increasing trade from farmers in Wood and Marathon counties, who formerly traded at Grand Rapids and Wausau. The farmers appreciate the cash. As a rule a farmer, no matter where he comes from, never leaves town without buying something.

This ought to be a warning to our merchants and cause them to govern themselves accordingly. Money paid to the farmer returns to a great extent to the parties who pay it.

The farmer must have some cash and if he cannot get it here, he has got to go to a town where he can. He cannot pay his taxes with calico and blackstrap molasses and if he goes to another town to sell his produce that town is where he will buy the necessities of life that he carries home with him.

People who trade with our merchants are perfectly willing and do pay them a fair profit on the produce that the merchant secures from the farmer and there is no reason why the farmer should not receive his pay in legal tender.

Some storekeepers make the excuse that they cannot pay cash because they have to accept much inferior stuff from certain farmers in order to hold their trade, and that if cash were paid for this the merchant would come out behind on the deal. It would seem that the way to get around this would be to pay cash. There is nobody so independent as the cash buyer, and anything that was not up to standard could either be refused or else be bought at the price it was worth. If the farmers were selling for cash they would not expect to work off an inferior article, but would see that everything they brought in was in as good shape as they could get it so as to command the highest cash price.

There is a great satisfaction in receiving cash for your labor, even though you may have to turn about and hand back the money for some article. It gives a feeling of independence on both sides that does not otherwise exist.

Society and Club Notices.

The Woman's club will meet next Monday evening with Miss Alice Nash at the residence of Mrs. Ward.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society will meet at the parlors of the M. E. Church on Friday March 1, at 3 p. m.

The Catholic Ladies' Aid society will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Tom Mullen.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church, east side, will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Emmons.

The M. W. K. club will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. John Steib.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Congregational church will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. M. G. Gordon.

The Woman's Historical and Literary society will meet next Monday evening with Miss Ella Hasbrouck.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of the west side will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Chas. Brown. On Wednesday, March 6, there will be a social and art gallery at the home of Mrs. C. F. Kellogg.

The Travel Class will meet next Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. L. E. Phillos.

Had to Conquer or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel Springs, N. C. "I had consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well. It's an unrivaled life-saver in consumption, pneumonia, grippe and bronchitis; infallible for coughs, colds, asthma, hay fever, croup or whooping cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Johnson & Hill Co.'s and John E. Daly's drug stores.

For Sale Cheap.

A two story frame house of four rooms and four lots 5x135, with well, woodshed, nice lawn, shade trees, etc., on Milwaukee street, can be bought for \$600, on account of owner leaving town. This is worth investigating. Call at the Tribune office for further information.

The Lenten Season

Is now at hand. For a full line of

FRESH and SALT FISH

—Call on—

W. GROSS, West Side Grocer.

Silence is Golden YET SELFISH.

Were we to remain silent the public would be longer in discovering that they can save from 40 to 60 per cent. on any piece of furniture they wish to purchase, or in other words, can obtain high grade furniture at a lower price than is paid to other dealers for an inferior quality.

J. W. NATWICK, The Furniture Man.

Try our choice Chocolate Cream Candies.

They are the best, that is: always fresh and good.

Our line of Cigars are the best, consisting of all popular brands in both 5 and 10c cigars. Remember the place.

Sam Church, The Druggist.

Patronize Home Industry by having your work done at the Riverside Steam Laundry. All work guaranteed. GEORGE BOYER, PROP. West Side, Near Commercial House.

G. Bruderli, HAND MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

Repairing promptly attended to. All work first class in every respect.

SHOP OPPOSITE JOHNSON & HILL CO.

REV. BLATCHFORD IS DEAD.

Oldest Missionary in Wisconsin
Dies at Olanah.

TAUGHT THE INDIANS.

Spent His Life Among the Chip-
pewa Old Age Caused
His Death.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Rev. Henry Blatchford, for sixty-five years a Presbyterian missionary among the Chippewa Indians of the Lake Superior region, died at Olanah, at the age of 80 years. Mr. Blatchford was undoubtedly the oldest missionary in Wisconsin, not only in point of service, but in years. He has lived in Olanah for many years. His life was spent among the Chippewas, and he died among the people for whom he labored so many years. Death was caused by old age.

GLIDDEN FARMER KILLED BY TRAIN.

Will Mink Run Down by Wisconsin
Central Passenger While Driv-
ing to Ashland.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Will Mink, a farmer residing near Glidden, was killed early this morning by a northbound Wisconsin Central train. He was driving a team and at 5 o'clock attempted to cross the Central's tracks. The approaching passenger train struck the rig and its occupant, killing the farmer and throwing Mink quite a distance from the track. Mink died soon after the accident.

INSURANCE EXPIRED TEN HOURS BEFORE.

Holds of Rev. Joseph Moran of La
Crosse Unable to Collect
\$5000 Insurance.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—It has developed that the \$5000 insurance carried by the late Rev. Joseph Moran, who was buried here Saturday, cannot be collected owing to the fact that it had run out ten hours before the accident occurred which resulted in his death and had not been renewed.

E. S. BRAGG FOR JUDGE.

Friends of the Little General Wan
Him to Accept Nonpar-
tisan Nomination.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Friends of Gen. Edward S. Bragg are circulating nomination papers for him as a non-partisan candidate for the position of county judge. Since Judge Richter's announcement that he will not accept re-nomination, the friends of the general have been urging him to allow them to place him in nomination as a candidate for the position. Gen. Bragg refused to be interviewed upon the subject this morning, but he is said to look favorably upon the movement started by his friends. Judge August E. Richter, who is serving his third term, covering in all a period of twelve years, as county judge of Fond du Lac county, announces that he must decline a re-nomination. His decision will cause great regret among the voters of the county, with whom Judge Richter has always been a favorite. He had, as a prominent member of the bar expressed it yesterday, a "chance" on a re-election, although several other candidates were in the field for the honor.

WILL NOW EAT GERMS.

Dr. Rodermund Says He will Fur-
ther Demonstrate that Smallpox
is Not Contagious.

Appleton, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—"I now propose to visit a smallpox patient and not only rub myself with the pus but swallow a portion of the virus in order to prove without question the truth of my assertion that the disease is not contagious," said Dr. J. M. Rodermund today. Continuing, he said: "Of course, I shall not let anyone know when I do this, because I don't care to be quarantined again. I propose this time to take witnesses with me when I visit the patient and I shall see that one of them has a camera so that it can be proved by the photographs beyond any doubt that I will do just as I say." Dr. Rodermund has proven himself a man of his word and it is generally believed that he will make good his statements. The officers consequently are keeping a sharp lookout and will again quarantine on the first suspicion. There are still a number of smallpox cases in the vicinity and Rodermund will encounter no difficulty in visiting one if he wishes.

CUTS THROAT WITH KNIFE.

Anton Kronick of Kingsbridge Takes
His Own Life.

Two Rivers, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Anton Kronick, a blacksmith 39 years of age, residing at Kingsbridge, committed suicide last night by cutting his throat with a butcher knife. No cause for the deed is known.

GRANTING FRANCHISES.

Many Towns in Chippewa County En-
couraging New Company.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—The O. J. Jensen Telephone Company, which owns and operates a telephone system from Cadott to Estella, in this county, has been granted franchises to place exchanges at Boyd and Stanley. Other towns along the line of the Wisconsin Central railway are considering the matter of granting franchises.

ENGINEER MILLS INJURED.

Badly Hurt in Collision on Central
Near Olanah.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—A head-on collision occurred on the Wisconsin Central at Olanah, 11 1/2 miles west of here, yesterday morning. Engineer Jerry Mills has three ribs broken. None of the other trainmen were injured. The engines and several box cars were badly damaged.

Assumes Pastorate at La Crosse.
La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Rev. Elmer E. Forre of Kansas has assumed charge of the First Baptist church, which has been without a pastor for six months.

Insane Man Kills Himself.
Beloit, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Al-
len Irving, a farmer residing near town,
committed suicide. He was insane and
had lately come from Mendota.

NINETEEN BREAK FROM QUARANTINE.

Men Claim They Are Starving and
Demand Food—Mayor of Neenah
Guarantees Board Bills.

Neenah, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—The nineteen men who were held in smallpox quarantine in the hotel of Butler & McCarthy marched out past their guards at 8:30 o'clock last night and went to the mayor's office where they stated that they were starving and demanded food.

The trouble arises over the proprietors of the hotel making formal request for a guarantee of expenses in maintaining the nineteen people who are being held in their hotel against their will and who refuse to pay their board while kept in quarantine. Mayor Kallhaus refused this guarantee, claiming that the city is in no way responsible for the debts of the quarantined persons. When the mayor refused to guarantee the payment of the board bill of the persons quarantined in the hotel the proprietors locked up their dining room and all their supplies and stood guard over them with revolvers. The men refused to pay board while detained against their will and the proprietors refused to feed them. When the pangs of hunger became so keen to be borne they determined on desperate measures and broke the quarantine.

At last the mayor agreed to guarantee the bills and the men returned to the hotel and were served with a bountiful supper.

Green Bay, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Another case of smallpox in a very light form has developed in this city. The patient is the 8-year-old daughter of A. G. Kuntz, photographer. She attended school last week and the origin of the case is not known.

Marquette, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Another case of smallpox has broken out. The little son of A. Bently is down with the dread disease. The case is a mild one.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Two more smallpox cases were taken to the city pesthouse today. Both cases were from a lumber camp, and were promptly taken in charge. This makes a total of six cases in the pesthouse at present.

GREAT DEVELOPMENT OF DAIRY INTERESTS.

Many New Creameries and Cheese
Factories to be Built in North-
ern Wisconsin.

New Richmond, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—This coming season will witness a remarkable development and expansion of the dairy interests in St. Croix county and the movement promises to become general all through northern Wisconsin. There are today in operation in this county, four creameries and two cheese factories. Two cheese factories are buying milk and shipping it to the city market. Two others are being operated as skimming stations. Three others are only during the summer months. Three additional cheese factories will be built in the county just as soon as the weather will admit of outdoor operations. New Richmond business men are laying plans for a cheese factory or a creamery and if possible both combined in one.

HARNESS RAPIDS ON KETTLE RIVER.

Valuable Water Power Near Grants-
burg Is Soon to be Put
In Use.

Grantsburg, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—The citizens of Grantsburg have long realized that they have one of the finest water powers in the country within six miles of the village. Kettle river rapids, which is on the main St. Croix river, is six miles long, has a fall of seventy feet, and taken in connection with the rapids on lower Kettle river, contiguous thereto, will furnish power equal to if not exceeding the famous Minneapolis waterpower. The Business Men's association of Grantsburg have succeeded in interesting Eastern capital and this power will be harnessed and transmitted to this and surrounding towns.

HOW BIRDS HELP FARMERS.

They Prey on Mice, Insects and Other
Vermin.

The bulletins on birds and mammals published by the biological survey at Washington correct widely prevalent errors as to the economic status of species that are of agricultural interests, and demonstrate the efficiency and usefulness of bounty laws, under which millions of dollars have been expended by the various states and territories without accomplishing the object for which they were intended.

"Birds are the farmers' most valuable aids in his life-long battle with the insects that prey on his crops. How important, therefore, that he should not ignore them! In his greatest service in the case of hawks and owls the division has shown, by the examination of the stomach contents of about 3000 of these universally hated and persecuted birds, that only six out of the seventy-three kinds inhabiting the United States are injurious and three of these are so rare they need hardly be considered, leaving only three to be taken into account as enemies of agriculture. The others prey upon mice, insects and other vermin, and rank among the farmers' best friends."

"Since its establishment, in 1888, the division has examined the stomach contents of nearly 15,000 birds belonging to 200 species and sub-species, and has published information on the food habits of 140 kinds, mainly hawks, owls, crows, jays, blackbirds, sparrows, thrushes, flycatchers, songsters, vireos, shrikes, woodpeckers, horned larks and cedarbirds." Arthur Henry in Ainslie's.

EPIDEMIC OF SCARLET FEVER.

School Near Plainfield is Forced to
Close.

Plainfield, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—Miss Myrtle Bond was obliged to close her school in the town of Rose, some ten miles east of here, on account of scarlet fever, which is prevailing there. Nearly one-quarter of the children are ill with the disease.

Chance—Its Narrow Limits.
If, in speaking of chance, we mean simply something whose cause we do not know, it may be allowable to use the word, but if we mean by it anything which happens without a cause it is an irrational fallacy, which should be banished from every mind and every life.

Artisan Well Giving Out.
Radnor, Wis., Feb. 19. [Special.]—The Mountman square artisan well which supplies water to several hundred families, is giving out.

DR. F. J. HODGES IS DEAD.

Well-Known Physician of Ashland
Passes Away.

DUE TO BLOOD POISON.

Fatally Poisoned While Performing
an Operation Conducted a Large
Hospital in Ashland.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Dr. Fred J. Hodges, a well-known physician of Ashland, Wis., died at noon today at the home of Robert Linds, president of the civil service commission, 678 La Salle avenue. Dr. Hodges was born in Michigan thirty-six years ago, was graduated from the Chicago Medical college in 1888, practiced medicine a few years in Chicago and later moved to Ashland, Wis. For the last few years he has been associated with his brother-in-law, Dr. R. B. Ricketts, in the conduct of an extensive hospital at Ashland, Wis. Six weeks ago, in performing an operation, Dr. Hodges was poisoned through an abrasion on his hand, but after three weeks was sufficiently recovered to take a trip to Chicago with his wife and one child for a week of rest and recuperation. A relapse followed and the physician expired. His wife was present when he died. He leaves three children, two of whom are in at their home in Ashland.

Anthony Miller, Burlington.
Burlington, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Anthony Miller, one of the leading business men of Burlington, died suddenly of heart trouble.

Nathaniel D. Hall, Burnett Junction.
Burnett Junction, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Nathaniel D. Hall, a pioneer settler of Dodge county, died at the home of his son, Merrill Hall. Mr. Hall was 92 years old.

Mrs. F. J. Bristol, Oakfield.
Oakfield, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Mrs. F. J. Bristol is dead. She was a daughter of Carter Z. Gordon of this place and was 55 years old.

Mrs. Owen R. Williams, Wales.
Wales, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Mrs. Owen R. Williams died at the county house, of which institution her husband is superintendent.

G. W. Tent, Weyauwega.
Weyauwega, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—G. W. Tent, one of Weyauwega's early settlers, died at the age of about 55 years. He was a veteran of the Civil war.

Timothy Rowan, Racine.
Racine, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Timothy Rowan, aged 82 years, died this morning. He was one of the earliest settlers of this city.

Other Deaths in the State.
Prairie du Chien, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Mrs. J. P. Telehan died this morning while sitting in a chair. She was 91 years old.

New Lisbon, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Sage, son of E. D. Sage of this city, died at Columbia, South America.

Mrs. Fred Kroner died of blood poison.
Baraboo, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Amos Johnson died, aged 72.

WRECK AT GLENWOOD.

One Man Seriously Injured in Head-
end Collision on the Wiscon-
sin Central Road.

Glenwood, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—There was a head-end collision between two through freights on the Wisconsin Central at Cyclone, five miles west of here, early this morning. One man was seriously hurt and several head of cattle were killed. One engine and several cars were badly wrecked, but traffic was not interfered with, as there is a sidetrack where the wreck occurred.

NOT HELD ON BOND.

The End of a Famous Case at
La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—A jury in the circuit court brought in a verdict for the defendant in the suit of the New Home Sewing Machine company vs. Mathias Simon. This was the fourth trial of the case. The suit was over a \$2000 bond which Simon signed for R. L. C. Holbeck, who absconded six years ago with the funds of several concerns which he represented. Simon's defense was that Holbeck claimed he would get another signer to the bond and on that condition Simon signed it.

ALL ABLE TO HYPNOTIZE.

Authorities at Trempealeau will Put
a Stop to the Practice.

Trempealeau, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Hypnotism is all the rage in this town as a sequel to the feats of a traveling hypnotist at the public house several weeks ago. Fully fifteen young people can now produce it, it is claimed, the magic spell and it is becoming such a nuisance that the authorities are devising plans to break up the practice.

GIFT TO THE Y. M. C. A.

La Crosse Man Helps the Association
in His City.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—B. B. Healy, an old resident of the city, has given to the Young Men's Christian association a valuable gift in the shape of half a block of city property, valued at \$2000. The association is doing its best to raise money enough to build an addition to its building, and place therein a bathhouse.

Eagle Killed by a Ferret in the Sky.
Mountain eagles are reported to be swarming on the Tondich, near Gundison, feasting on the thousands of rabbits driven into the valley by snow in the mountains and foothills. The ranchmen fear that the voracious hunger of the eagles will tempt them to attack human beings.

One of the eagles met its match a few days ago. Ferrets have been brought into the valley to kill rabbits. This particular eagle swooped down upon a ferret, the bird flew far into the air, the eagle came tumbling down, the ranchman who had watched the mid-air battle ran over to the fallen bird and found it dead. The ferret had bitten through the throat and was still clinging to the bird.

"Tom" Holland, superintendent of fisheries, said last night that the eagles were proving a good sport for ranchmen and that several large ones had been brought down with guns in the hands of ranchmen in the valley. Deaver Republic.

Germany's Product of Pig Iron.
The Germans are claiming that, in spite of all our boasting, they are increasing their production of pig iron faster than the United States. This seems to be the fact. The German output of pig iron the last year was \$2,517,732 tons, representing an increase of 75 per cent. last year was \$1,782,242 tons, representing an increase of 50 per cent. since 1890.



BROKE THE SABBATH.

Mrs. Nation's Army of Crusaders
Resumes War on Joins.

FOUR TIMES ARRESTED.

Bars Placed in Storage Warehouse for
Safekeeping Are Demolished—
Dined with Sheriff.

New York, Feb. 18. [Special.]—Mrs. Carrie Nation in a letter to the editor of Leslie's Weekly says: "A sabbath has no right in any place. I will smash the saloons in Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis and New Orleans, just as in Kansas. But I must clean up my own home before I dare say to my neighbor, 'I can tell you how to clean yours.'"

"The time for the saloon to go has come. We are organizing an army of home defenders which demands that the murder shop close, or be closed by law. Otherwise we destroy this destroyer by means of anything that will smash. This is a severe word, but nothing can convey that thought so forcefully as the results. We attack nothing but that which is dangerous to humanity and heaven."

"We purpose to organize an army of true mothers who are physically able and willing to join in a crusade to drive out the murder shops by destroying their business. We do not desire or intend to injure the person of anyone. We, in self-defense, go out from our home to the rescue of children who are the victims of this traffic."

A Sunday Raid.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Mrs. Carrie Nation resumed her crusade yesterday with a vengeance. Gathering an army of 500 men and women, early in the morning, she headed an expedition against the joints and made the day rejoice with exciting incidents. One of the most notorious saloons in Topeka was converted into a wreck as a beginning. Mrs. Nation followed this up by breaking into a storage warehouse where a number of fine bars had been placed for safety and demolishing all the furniture. Three times her work was interrupted by her arrest, but each time she speedily secured bail and continued the war on the joints.

Nearly all the men and women were armed with hatchets and axes, and they moved with some semblance of order and with an unmixt deference to the plans of their leader. In the crowd were a large number of students of Washburn college, several clergymen and many professional and business men.

Steady Work of Expedition.
The company marched silently out of the statehouse grounds, down Kansas avenue to a place on East Sixth street, kept by Ed Murphy. When the joint was reached the work of demolition was commenced without preliminaries. Mrs. Nation, brandishing a new hatchet, devoted the onslaught, uttering words of denunciation against the jointkeepers, as she deftly sent her weapon through the first plateglass window at hand. Others followed her lead quickly.

Amid the shouts of the crusaders and the hurled protests of a squad of policemen trying to protect the property, glass was soon crashing to the ground on all sides. Next the door was smashed in and the interior, beer kegs, bottles, mirrors and everything smashable was attacked. Hardly five minutes after Mrs. Nation had begun the smashing what was once a well-furnished joint was in complete ruins.

Bars in Storage Are Smashed.
Her work over, Mrs. Nation proudly emerged from the place only to be arrested. She went along with the officer followed by her band and many people who had gathered. At the police station she was released promptly and hurried back to her work.

She entered a livery barn in which some bars had been stored and smashed them. Then at the head of twenty-five of her stout-hearted followers, she went to Messer's cold storage plant and began the search for some liquor she thought had been stored there. This time Mrs. Nation was arrested by the county authorities and was taken to the jail in a patrol wagon. It was afternoon before she was released from jail on bond and, after taking dinner with Sheriff Cook, she went to the First Christian church, where she was arrested by an officer with a warrant and taken to the county jail again. She stayed this time for two hours and finally her bond was signed by a prominent negro politician.

Bible Cited as Authority.
Mrs. Nation Fanulates the Savior in
Abolishing Nuisances.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Hearing was resumed in the city court of the action brought against Mrs. Nation by the proprietors of the "Joint" at 476 Kansas avenue, wrecked ten days ago. The court-room was jammed. Attorney Jamison conducted the prosecution, while At-
torney

ney Dunne carried on the defense. Their tables were piled high with law books, while Dunne fortified himself with many Biblical quotations. The argument was commenced by the defense. In speaking of the first case as a parallel to Mrs. Nation's smashing, counsel said: "It is found in the Bible in the Temple. We find by Matthew that Christ entered the Temple and abolished the sanctuary."

He then took up the law in the case, citing a New Hampshire statute which says that the private party aiming a bullet does not have to do it in a manner best suited to the other party. At this point Mrs. Nation left her seat and opened a window. The cold wind swept in and blew the papers about the courtroom. Judge McCabe ordered Marshal Ross to close the window and lower it from the top. Mrs. Nation rushed back and again raised the lower sash. She was compelled to remain in her seat when the window had been closed again, much to her chagrin.

Mrs. Nation became restless as the trial progressed and she paid little attention to the lawyers, but walked about the courtroom whispering with the spectators and the members of the "Home Defenders."

Defeating the fumes of tobacco, she exclaimed: "Some one is smoking here; better stop it, for it smells bad."

When the defense concluded after one and one-half hours Assistant County Attorney Jamison, a colored lawyer, began his argument for the prosecution. He argued that Mrs. Nation was arrested under the law forbidding destruction of property and held that if Mrs. Nation be not guilty, then everyone has a right to do as she did.

Judge McCabe, when the argument was closed, said: "The question is now an important and entitled to a thorough consideration. I shall take some time as seems necessary to me as we have no decision of our own Supreme court. The court will announce a decision Thursday morning at 10 o'clock."

Whisky in the Gutter.
Lawrence, Kas., Feb. 18. [Special.]—The W. C. T. U. mass meeting of last night to open an active campaign against "joints" was followed today by a visit of a number of women to police court, where a lot of liquor secured in a raid last summer was given the women to smash. The women first went to the office of a justice of the peace and broke a couple of bottles of whisky as evidence, and then destroyed the rest of the stuff in the street.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 18. [Special.]—Dispatches from various cities of Kansas indicate a most determined and concerted movement to stop the illegal sale of liquor.

At Winfield a printed warning has been circulated, declaring that drinking at the Commercial club must cease or "the den" will be demolished.

An ultimatum was issued by 1000 persons gathered at a mass meeting held in Wellington, giving the "jointists" until Friday to leave town with their property. Similar action was taken at Arkansas City, where the "jointists" have, however, been pretty well smashed.

At Herington a mass meeting adopted resolutions warning the "jointists" to leave town by Tuesday afternoon.

Hutchinson residents were warned to cease business by Wednesday noon. Druggists here today decided not to handle liquor in the future, even under permit.

MR. CARNEGIE'S PLAN FOR GREAT SHIPYARD.

Several Hundred Acres on Staten
Island Purchased—Co-operate
with Big Steel Plant.

New York, Feb. 18. [Special.]—Another of Andrew Carnegie's "dreams" is said to be nearing realization as the result of the "million dollar pool." That is the establishment here of the greatest shipbuilding yards in the world right alongside of the largest iron and steel plant ever projected. Staten Island is the place named for these industries, and some recent purchases of several hundred acres of shore land are said to have been made with this object finally in view.

BAD STORM AT LA CROSSE.
Heavy Fall of Snow Throughout the
Northwest.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—The heaviest snowstorm of the season occurred here yesterday. The beautiful falling for several hours. Traffic on railroads and the street car line was considerably delayed by the storm. It appeared to be general throughout the northwest.

The first savings bank in the United States was established in 1816. In 1820 there were ten savings banks in all, with \$625 depositors. In 1890 there were 342 savings banks, with 5,687,099 depositors, and with total deposits of \$2,230,000,000.

ORIGIN OF LLOYD'S.

Famous Insurance Company Named
After a London Coffee House.

Lloyd's was the name of Edward Lloyd's office here in Tower street, where the seventeenth century underwriters were wont to meet for the transaction of their marine insurance business. When in 1771 they took their business away to the Royal Exchange they took the name with them.

Next year war broke out and lasted virtually until Waterloo. Those years of turmoil brought many fortunes to the insurance brokers. One of these, Mr. Lloyd, asserted that Napoleon did more for British commerce than any British statesman ever did because by paralyzing Europe he drove Europe's commerce into sea-girt England.

Then, as now, there were ways of making money out of the country's woes. Ships would be laden and insured, then run out straight into the arms of the enemy, for the sake of the insurance money.

Much gold has gone down to the bottom of the sea in ships and much of it is there still. Ships have been insured and cast away for the sake of the insurance money. The captain of the Adventure was hanged for it in 1802. Vessels which never existed have been insured, and naturally lost. Focus cargoes have been insured and diamonds have been insured and mysteriously—London Daily Mail.

HALF DEAD SOLDIER

Returns All Broken Up to His Home
in South Dakota.

Bristol, S. D., Feb. 18, 1901. (Special.)—Peter Behres says: "When I returned from the war I found that I was in a very critical condition. My system was all run down, and I gradually became worse, until I was half dead with Kidney and Bladder Trouble. My family wanted me to consult a physician, but as I had learned through several of my comrades of the wonderful cures of Dodd's Kidney Pills I determined to give them a trial first."

Mr. Behres, or Capt. Behres, as he should be called, because he was captain of the First Minnesota cavalry, and in 1862 was for fourteen months in continual service in warfare with the Indians, is now an honored member of the U. S. A. R., who has reached the ripe old age of three score years and ten. He continues: "I am now an old soldier, seventy years of age, and enjoying almost perfect health, and all thanks for this are due to Dodd's Kidney Pills. I found after having used the first few boxes that my faith was not misplaced in them, and in a very short while my kidneys were doing the work required of them and the bladder trouble was soon eliminated. It was almost a year before I was myself, but during that time I used Dodd's Kidney Pills faithfully and with the very best results that anyone could wish for. I would not have been without them for a king's ransom. I am now well as any man of my age."

50c a box, six boxes for \$2.50. Buy them from your local dealer if you can. If he cannot supply you, send to the Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

New Typewriter Device.

F. B. Granger of Aberdeen, N. D., has applied for a patent on a device to be attached to typewriters, which obviates the holding down of the shift key while striking a capital letter. The shift key, when down, remains until the capital letter is struck, when it automatically shifts back to the lower case letter. The device has been in actual use for over a year, and is found to be practical in every sense of the word.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Doan's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Doan's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

New York Botanical Garden.

The New York Botanical garden has about 5400 species available for study in all the plantations, the conservatories and the wild parts of the park, exclusive of the lichens, fungi and algae. In the course of the year 48,895 herbarium specimens from all parts of the world were acquired. About 67,650 sheets, containing fully 312,000 specimens, were mounted and distributed in the herbarium cases.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. GRAIN-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/2 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

To Exterminate Prairie Dogs.

In Kansas there is a bill before the Legislature to take a census of the prairie dogs of the state, with a view of exterminating them.

A Remedy for the Grippe.

Physicians recommend KEMP'S BAL-SAM for patients afflicted with the grippe, as it is especially adapted for the throat and lungs. Don't wait for the first symptoms, but get a bottle today and keep it on hand for use the moment it strikes. It negates the grippe brings on pneumonia. KEMP'S BAL-SAM prevents this by keeping the cough loose and the lungs free from inflammation. All druggists, 25c and 50c.

According to returns just issued the number of persons in Great Britain is less by 19,487 than in 1890.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

—The English statute mile is 1760 standard yards.

PROSTATE & CONES

Cure Diseases

PERSONAL MENTION.

A. C. Otto of Vesper was in town on Thursday.

Ben Hansen made a trip to Tomahawk on Sunday.

John White of Pittsville was in the city on Wednesday.

Oscar Hathaway was in Milwaukee during the past week.

Geo. Smallbrook has been on the sick list the past week.

T. E. Nash made a business trip to Tomahawk on Tuesday.

A. H. Dustin is visiting relatives and friends in Dexterville.

Dr. J. C. Conhill visited with relatives at Mosinee over Sunday.

Miss Amelia Bandelin is visiting friends at Wausau this week.

Mrs. George Huntington has been quite sick during the past week.

Court Reporter Morse returned on Wednesday from Stevens Point.

Mrs. Chris Chose is able to be about again after several weeks' illness.

H. F. Estabrook of Dexterville was in the city a short time on Sunday.

Mrs. D. D. Conway has been sick with the grip during the past week.

Miss Reene Havenor finished her term of school in Hanson last week.

H. G. Dunn, editor of the Pittsville Pilot, was in the city Tuesday evening.

Judge J. A. Gaylor made a business trip to Chicago, leaving on Wednesday.

Alderman E. E. Finney of Marshfield transacted business here Tuesday.

Justice T. J. Cooper was laid up on Friday and Saturday of last week with grip.

Charles F. Kellogg has been in Milwaukee during the past week on business.

Mrs. T. J. Evans returned on Wednesday from an extended visit at Ripon.

Miss Mabel McCauley spent Sunday in Nekoosa the guest of Miss Alice Cauley.

G. W. Davis was registered at the St. Charles hotel in Milwaukee on Sunday.

Miss Rene Havenor who is teaching at Pittsville spent Sunday with her parents.

Attorney Theo. Brazean was in Stevens Point on legal business on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheridan Jessimer of Biron were city visitors on Friday of last week.

Miss Helen Kromer went to Kilbourn City on Thursday to make a short visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Daly and son have all been sick with the grip during the past week.

Miss Bertha Lemke of Tomahawk visited relatives and friends here a few days this week.

Mrs. Mary Miller and Mrs. J. J. O'Reilly of Babcock were in the city shopping on Monday.

Miss Nan White of Pittsville was in the city on Wednesday to attend the Bell-Schalle wedding.

Charles Kernen, who has been sick with the grip for some time past, is able to be about again.

Miss Mattie Armstrong of Marshfield was the guest of Mrs. A. C. Otto between trains on Friday.

C. F. Heiser of Vesper and Herman Smith of Arpin transacted business in the city on Wednesday.

George Corriveau has accepted a position with a wholesale cigar house and is out on the road again.

Miss May Stafford of Merrill has been visiting with the family of Thos. Mullen during the past week.

Miss Mabel White of Vesper has been the guest of the Misses Marcean during a part of the past week.

The Misses Juanita and Norma Fitch of Tomah are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Voss for a few days.

Miss Elizabeth Hughes accompanied Mrs. Evans to Eau Claire on Wednesday, expecting to return next week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Karner of Stevens Point spent Sunday in this city visiting with relatives and friends.

Emil Schmitt of Merrill has accepted a position in the clothing department of the Johnson & Hill company's store.

James Powderly of Fort Dodge, Ia., arrived in this city Monday night and will visit with his brother Chris for a time.

Leroy Taft, bookkeeper for the Jackson Milling company, left on Wednesday for Tunnel City for a visit with relatives.

Miss Lettie Dickson left on Saturday for Nasonville to visit her sister Belle. While there she will attend the dance on the 22nd.

Miss Amelia Yandot returned Wednesday evening from Wausau where she has been visiting with friends the past two weeks.

Mrs. W. M. Janish of Minneapolis and Mrs. Mattie Richard of Arbor Vitae are the guests of Mrs. George Preston this week.

Frank Kern of Tomah, manager of the Jackson Milling Company's interests at that point, was in the city on business on Thursday.

Mrs. A. W. Evans left on Thursday for Eau Claire to attend a library meeting. She will also visit Menomonie and Madison before returning.

Mrs. Harvie Williams arrived in the city last week and will remain here while Mr. Williams is engaged in railroad work at or near this city.

Napoleon Smith and family of Randolph departed on Wednesday evening for Cedar Rapids, Iowa, where they intend to make their future home.

Attorney F. S. Woodworth and sister Lucy and Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Hartman of Pittsville attended the ball in this city Monday evening.

LOCAL ITEMS.

F. E. Kellaer has opened an office over the Bank of Grand Rapids.

Joseph Meulan last week purchased a house and lot in block 5 on the west side.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Mickle on Wednesday.

The home of Peter Christman was gladened by the arrival of baby boy on Monday, the 18th inst.

Some of the schools in Wausara county have been closed on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever.

On Saturday, February 23, there will be 15-cent oyster stew furnished at the 26th Century place. Don't miss them.

The "last before lent" dance on Monday evening was well attended and a very pleasant evening was spent.

Walter Smith scalded his right arm quite badly with steam on Thursday while working about his wood sawing machine.

Mrs. Horace Barrett entertained a number of friends at her home on the west side Monday evening and all reported a pleasant time.

On Saturday the appraisers will be appointed by the court to appraise the land condemned by the Northwestern road for their right of way.

Edwin Rector and Mrs. Ella Currier of the town of Vesper, were married on Wednesday in this city. Justice Jasper Crotteau officiating.

A camp of the Modern Woodmen of America was organized at Rudolph during the past week and the new lodge started out with 18 charter members.

The Woodmen of the World entertained a party at their hall Monday night. About forty couples were present and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

The officials of the Northwestern road have purchased three pieces of property between this city and Nekoosa, the options having expired on these particular tracts.

The subject for discourse at the M. E. church on Sunday morning will be "David's Helpers." In the evening, "One Thing in which all Grand Rapids are Alike." All are invited.

—Bridges rivers tunnels mountains, builds cities, gathers up the scattered rays of one's ability. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35c., at Johnson & Hill Co.

Potatoes have taken several severe drops during the past two weeks and at the present time very few are being brought in. There seems to be a plenty of the tubers in all markets and there is not much prospect of a rise. The price is now 23 cents.

W. B. Naylor of Tomah has been in the city during the past week, being interested in some land that the Northwestern company has started condemnation proceedings against. Mr. Naylor was one of the first settlers in this section, but left here 27 years ago.

The management of the 20th Century place wish to publicly express their thanks to the church societies who so kindly assisted in the work on the opening night. These were from the Catholic, Episcopal, Methodist, Congregational and German Moravian.

Roosters often crow over eggs they do not lay. Same with people who sell an imitation Rocky Mountain Tea, made famous by the Madison Medicine Co.'s advertising. 35c., at Johnson & Hill Co.

The "measuring party" given on Tuesday evening at the residence of Mrs. H. Kabin was a great success, and a large number were in attendance. Dr. Waters drew a prize for being the tallest man present. Everybody reports a lovely time.

Mrs. Gusta Tillie Miller, wife of Paul Miller, died on Wednesday, Feb. 20th of consumption. The deceased was 20 years old and leaves a husband and three children. The family resided on the west side on the Seneca road.

—Reports come from all along the line of the great success of Mr. Frank Keenan in Sol Smith Russell's famous play, "A Poor Relation." Mr. Keenan, with a strong company and the entire original production of Mr. Russell's play, will be seen at the Grand opera house on March 6th, 1901.

The music at the Congregational church Sunday evening was some of the best that has been heard in this city for years, and the choir is certainly entitled to a great deal of credit for the effort they make to give the people something out of the ordinary. It is their intention to prepare programs of equal interest in the future.

—Take Rocky Mountain Tea. See it exterminate poison. Feel it revitalize your blood and nerves and bring back that happy, joyous feeling of boyhood days. 35c., at Johnson & Hill Co.

F. H. Norton left on Wednesday for the southern part of the county with a sleigh load of his automatic oil cans. Mr. Norton will be at his place of business on Saturday and on that day will have an oil can sale and anyone wanting an automatic oil can may secure it for the nominal sum of 75 cents.

About 145 signers have been secured to the gymnasium project and the indications are that enough can be gotten to carry the matter through. That the project is a worthy one and one that ought to be carried through there is no doubt in anyone's mind, and it is to be hoped that sufficient interest will be manifested to make it a success.

A humble boy with a shining pall, went gaily singing down the dale, to where a cow with a brindle tail, on the clover pasture did regale. A humble boy did gaily sail, over the soft and shady vale, to where the boy with the shining pall was milking the cow with the brindle tail. The boy lit down on the cow's left ear, her hoofs flew in through the atmosphere, and through the leaves of a chestnut tree, the boy soared into eternity. —Darlington Republican-Journal.

Wm. H. Sullivan who is well known in this city died at his home near Hancock on February 5th.

A marriage license was this week issued to Jas. H. Hurd and Mattie Marshall, of town of Weed.

The amount of J. D. Witter's claim amounting to \$149 which was due him by the settlement of the fair grounds matter has been donated to the city by that gentleman.

The subject for discourse at the Congregational church Sunday morning by the Rev. E. J. H. Shaw will be "The Impartial Goodness of God." Evening, musical program.

Marshall News: Michael Hesser, of Nekoosa who is interested with Ex-County Treasurer M. G. Fleckenstein in the establishment of a tissue mill here, moved his family here this week and has taken a residence on Chestnut street.

The ladies of the Catholic Aid society enjoyed a sleighride down to Mrs. Joe Hesser's at the south side last Wednesday afternoon, where they held one of their regular meetings. There were thirty-one ladies present, twenty-six of them going down in the roundabout.

W. K. Cook, the Northwestern Railroad man, arrived in the city again Friday morning. Mr. Cook has been down in Illinois for some days past and he states that right-of-way don't cost as much down there where land is worth \$100 an acre as it does up in this part of the country.

A young man recently got even with a girl who had jilted him. He sent her a request to go driving, and when she had joyfully accepted and rigged herself out in her best clothes, he sent her a hammer and a lot of nails with the information that she could drive all she pleased. —Ex.

Misses Larkin, McGrath, Scoulton, Whitcomb and Rich entertained the teachers at the home Mrs. Emma Brundage on Thursday evening. About thirty were present, and a very enjoyable evening was spent in playing different games and conversation. Light refreshments were served.

Assemblyman Cook in a bill introduced by Mr. Miller asks that the state reimburse him to the amount of \$1750 for his expenses in the Cook-Vandercreek contest. Mr. Vandercreek has had a similar bill introduced by Mr. Cady asking for \$2250. Mr. Vandercreek has been appointed timber inspector at a salary of \$5 a day.

G. L. Strang of Marshfield and L. E. Colvin of Pittsville, poor commissioners, were in the city today to discuss the case of Mrs. Lena Rosser who is confined in the Wausau insane asylum. She has been a charge on this county but as her home is in Switzerland it is proposed to send her back there. The matter has not as yet been decided.

John Schnabel and P. L. Utley returned on Sunday from their trip to DeKalb, Ill., where they had been to investigate an electrically operated pumping station like the Electric and Water Company propose putting in here this summer. They were favorably impressed with what they saw and feel confident that a plant of the same kind can be operated here to advantage.

H. Wiperman has purchased the piece of property on the corner of Center and Front streets, now occupied by the 20th Century place, paying \$2,000 therefor. Mr. Wiperman expects to erect a business block thereon in the near future, which when completed will make not only a great improvement in the appearance of the east side but also prove a most excellent location.

The minstrel show Tuesday night was not as largely attended as the boys had hoped it would be. The lack of interest was no doubt due to the large number of entertainments that have been crowded in just before the beginning of lent. There were some changes in the company, Otto Koenigs acting as interloper, Chas. Podawiltz as end man in place of Geo. Corriveau who was out of town and Curtis Crotteau in the place of Charles Podawiltz.

Now the Darlington Republican-Journal gives it as its opinion that: "The kickers on the farm are not as hard to get along with as the kickers in the towns. On the farm there are the kicking cows and our long-eared friend, the mule, while in town there is the old moss back who wants all the privileges of municipal living without paying for them, and blocks so far as he can, every municipal improvement. The cow may be sold for beef, and the mule traded for a shot gun, but nothing but a funeral will get rid of the town kicker."

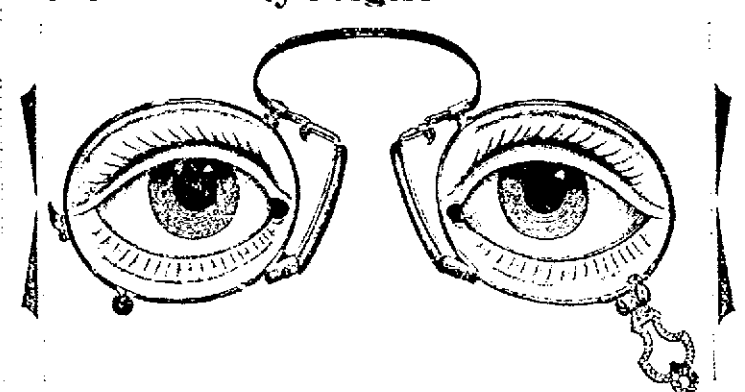
The young people of South Centralia took a ramblodade ride last Sunday evening. They drove up to this city and then to Port Edwards. Those present were Misses Dora Crotteau, Miss Emma, Delta and Ida Binneboese, Miss Nellie Payne, Miss Alice Coddington, Miss Juel Hurley, Mrs. J. Bell, Messrs. Roland Payne, Lee and Scott Payne, Wm. Darrington, John Jalhot, Robert Harper, Gust Neimen and Little Roy Payne. They passed the time in singing and John Jalhot furnished music on the mouth organ and flute.

The 26th Century Place No. 2 was opened on Friday evening and a goodly number of our citizens responded to the invitation to examine the new quarters and assist in helping the good cause along. The supper was served by representatives of the different church societies in the city and everybody seemed to be pleased with the manner in which they were handled. The rooms have been painted, papered and otherwise fixed in a good shape as it is possible to put them for public use and considering the handy situation of the place there is no doubt but it will become a very popular resort in time. Many of the people in neighboring cities are watching the outcome of the matter that they may start similar places should it prove a success.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, balm, ointment or liniment for cuts, corns, burns, boils, sores, felons, ulcers, tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, skin eruptions, infallible for piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents at Johnson & Hill Co.'s and John E. Daly's drug stores.

Defects in Eyesight



Can be corrected by having your eyes fitted accurately to a pair of glasses by J. R. CHAPMAN. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

USE

VICTORIA

OR

SUNBEAM

FLOUR

None Excel And Few Equal.

ALL GROCERS HANDLE THEM.

No Scab or Crust Forms Where Greene's Liniment

is used. It heals, removes proud flesh and matter, and dries up sores without forming a hard skin, crust or scab. Invaluable for sprains, cuts, bruises, sores, open wounds, inflammation or swellings, on

MAN OR BEAST.

Greene's Liniment is an antiseptic dressing of great value as well as the best liniment you ever saw.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, CITY OF CHICAGO.
Adam S. Barber, Sup't. of Police & Construction, January 2nd, 1901.

MESSRS. J. W. GREENE & CO., 101 Southway Hall, Chicago.
Gentlemen:—I have used several dozen bottles of your preparation and find it all you recommend as a general liniment. It is the best I have used on wounds of all kinds and bad sores. Anyone owning horses should not be without this preparation as I consider it one of the best liniments on the market. Respectfully,
ADAM S. BARBER, Sup't. of Police.

Prepared only by J. W. GREENE & CO., Laboratory 505 Steinway Hall, Chicago, Ill.

Sold under a positive guarantee that money will be refunded if the Liniment fails in doing what is claimed for it by

N. J. BOUCHER, WEST GRAND RAPIDS.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. "Leader" and "Repeater" loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes gets a painful, monthly, irregular, or excessive flow. Or a nervous and the period drags should be used. It is the best remedy.

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address Peal Medicine Co., Cleveland, O.

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LAW, LOANS AND COLLECTIONS.

We have \$20,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest.

THE JEWELLED TALISMAN
OR
PURITAN AND CAVALIER
BY
MRS. CAROLINE ORNE

CHAPTER VIII.—(Continued.)

"In my opinion, the holiness of the office should have been reckoned according to the good or ill looks of her on whose account you incurred the penalty. If she was the blowy, squint-eyed slattern that now performs the duties of housemaid, you richly deserved the punishment."

"So say I, but Hitty Chessman was a trim, tidy little body, as one you'll see in a thousand, with saucy black eyes, cheeks like a red rose and lips like ripe cherries."

"'Twas a pardonable offense, then, to say the least of it. I'll be bound to say that the old Roundhead's mouth watered for that very kiss, the same as I've seen a great lubberly boy's, as he stood watching his invalid brother while eating the tit-bits of a broiled partridge. Depend upon it, he would have been more lenient if it had not been so."

"I shouldn't wonder."

"As I've said, you'd be a mere milk-sop to pass it over without notice. Get that paper for me, and you will be richly revenged, and at the same time get a rich lining to your purse."

"You are willing to give me your word on the honor of a gentleman that it won't injure Alice Dale?"

"Haven't I already told you so? How can it, indeed, when, as soon as she is her own mistress, we are to be married?"

"I thought she was to be married to Clarence Harleigh."

"And others have thought so, too. But I know, and so does she, that, owing to her uncle's opposition to our marriage, it is necessary to throw dust into people's eyes."

"If this is so, you shall have it."

They now rose and walked slowly away, still talking together, though Alice could no longer hear what they said. She could think of only one paper in Mr. Walworth's possession which it appeared to her, that Falkland would be desirous to obtain, and that was the will of her late uncle, Mr. Gilbert Burlington, by which, when she arrived at the age of twenty-one, she would come into possession of the valuable estate to which allusion has already been made.

Falkland was a distant connection of Mr. Burlington, who, after the loss of his only child, a son of great promise, intended to make him his heir, on condition that he should take his surname, as well as that of Gilbert, which, by his desire, had been given him at the font. He even went so far as to make a will to this effect—a circumstance, however, which was known only to a few of his confidential friends.

But it was not long before Gilbert's habits of extravagance became known to Mr. Burlington, who, finding that no dependence could be placed on the promises of reformation, which he made from time to time, made another will, which was now in possession of Mr. Walworth, in favor of Alice Dale.

At an earlier period, before Falkland's unworthiness had become known to him, Mr. Burlington had hoped to bring about a match between Alice and his young kinsman. The favorite project was not entirely given up at the time he made an alteration in the disposition of his property, as was seen by the letter he sent to Mr. Walworth, enclosed with the will made in favor of Alice. "It is my earnest desire," he wrote, "that in case Gilbert Falkland should reform, that a marriage should take place between him and your ward."

This, by some means, became known to Falkland after Mr. Burlington's decease. Being unable to think of any other way by which he could repair the broken fortune inherited from his father, he was induced to exile himself a certain period from those scenes of gaiety in his native land so well suited to his taste, imagining that while his personal attractions would prove irresistible to the little piece of rusticity—to use his own expression—who had deprived him of a fine estate, there would be no difficulty in securing the favor of her guardian by a little assumed gravity, and by failing in with his peculiar and favorite tenets.

But he soon found that he had reckoned without his host. Alice, whom he had pictured to himself as a little awkward rustic, he found possessed of charms both of mind and person, which, were there opportunity, would throw the most dazzling of the court beauties into the shade.

Still, had not Clarence Harleigh preceded him in his visit to her guardian, he imagined that his handsome face, with his other advantages, personal and acquired, could not fail to make a favorable impression on a young girl who lived so secluded.

Yet, high as was his self-appreciation, he could not be blind as not to see that Harleigh was infinitely his superior, even in those qualities on which he most prided himself, and which recommended themselves to the eye, rather than to the heart or the understanding. As respected these last, he was conscious that the disparity between himself and Harleigh was too great to admit of comparison.

At first, he flattered himself that neither Mr. Walworth nor Alice would be so easily deceived enough to distinguish the real from the false—that the difference between Harleigh's virtues and his assumed ones would not be detected. This was a delusion in which he was not permitted long to indulge, though, as has been seen, he by no means abandoned the idea of gaining possession of the property, either with or without the imbrication of a wife.

The conversation between Falkland and the man with him, in a measure revealed this to Alice, and she at once determined to seek her uncle, and communicate to him the substance of what she had overheard. She had risen in order to execute her purpose, when she heard some one knock at the outer door. In a minute afterward, Mr. Walworth opened it, and admitted Falkland. Finding that her uncle did not return to the

to, they would not hesitate to pronounce it a vile slander. And yet I don't like his concealing the matter from you."

"He might not know it."

"I am sorry to say that I am certain that he did know it. The letter containing the information, which I received from England yesterday, more than hints that he would not have been in such a hurry to return but for the prospect of an errand."

"Did you ever see the Lady Harleigh?"

"Yes, hundreds of times."

"Is she handsome?"

"Handsome isn't a word expressive enough to apply to a person of Lady Harleigh's style."

"Are her eyes and hair the color of yours?"

"Rich as a black as midnight."

"At this moment, for she thought of Harleigh's words when he gave her the opal, Alice involuntarily raised her hand to her neck and found it was not there."

"It is gone, Mildred," she exclaimed. "What shall I do?"

"What is gone?"

"The opal."

"Well, you needn't look so frightened, and turn so white. We will search the same way we came and search for it."

The search was, of course, a vain one. Mildred, who, at first, made a great show of assisting her, soon grew impatient and left Alice to prosecute it alone. She went over the ground many times, and at last returned to the house, weary and disheartened. Mildred met her at the door.

"Have you found it?" she inquired.

Alice shook her head. Before she had time to reply they were joined by Gilbert Falkland.

"You have made your appearance quite opportunely," said Mildred. "I was just thinking that my walk home would be rather lonely, but now I shall expect you to accompany me."

"I shall be most happy to be at your service," replied Falkland.

Alice did not, as usual, invite Mildred to come again soon. Her mind was in a state to cause her to feel nearly indifferent as to whether she came or not. It might be in consequence of Harleigh's caution, but, for the first time, she experienced towards her a vague feeling of distrust.

Mildred, accompanied by Falkland, proceeded in silence till they were out of sight of the house. She then stopped and looked cautiously round in every direction.

"Here is something for you," said she, taking the opal from her pocket.

"This is Harleigh's love token you told me about?"

"Yes."

"How did you get it?"

"Oh, I set my wits to work, and now that I have given it into your keeping, you must set yours to work, so that it may serve the double purpose of promoting your interest and mine."

"Don't fear; nothing will be easier. A single glimpse of it in my hands will make Harleigh so rabid with jealousy that he will follow at the moon."

"I have already succeeded in making Alice jealous of him."

"How?"

"You know that the eccentric Lady Hester Deighton, at one time, took such a fancy to him that she importuned the king to make an earl of him. Well, I mentioned the circumstance to Alice to-day, and represented it in such a way that she supposes her to be young and as beautiful as an angel."

"Why, she is old enough to be his grandmother. She took it in her head to adopt Harleigh to supply the place of a son she had lost—did she not?"

"Yes, and happening one day, in hunting over some musty parchments, to find that in the time of William the Conqueror there was an earl in the family, she wished to have the title revived for Harleigh's benefit."

"But like many of her other whims, it lasted only a few weeks, I've been told. It is an old affair—her partiality to Harleigh. How came you to think of resuscitating it?"

"Why, in a letter which I received yesterday from England, the old lady's name was mentioned, which recalled it to my mind."

"I had letters by the same ship which brought yours, and one of them contains important information which has decided me to return to England the first chance. Look at this."

"Well, I see a roll of parchment."

"A peep at the inside will reveal to you its importance."

"The late Mr. Burlington's will in favor of Alice Dale. How came you by it?"

"I was helped to it—no matter how, nor by whom."

(To be continued.)

Persecuted "Peggy" Eaton.

"The war which President Jackson began against the United States Bank did not test his heroic nerve more than the war which opened in his Cabinet over the question whether 'Peggy' Eaton should be recognized by the women of Washington as a 'Cabinet lady,'" writes William Perrine, in the Ladies' Home Journal. "The prominent ladies of the administration generally reached the conclusion that 'Peggy' Eaton should be ostracized. The social rebellion against 'Old Hickory' even broke out in his own household. The one conspicuous public man who did not yield to the feminine crusade was Martin Van Buren, the Secretary of State, who had the advantage of being a widower and who had determined with his suave dexterity to please the iron will of the President in all things. Jackson was delighted with his conduct, but the diplomatic finesse of the 'Little Magician' failed almost as much as the three mandates of 'Old Hickory.' The British minister, who was friendly to Mrs. Eaton, was prevailed upon to give a ball and supper, but it was impossible to keep together any cordon in which she took part, or to direct the conversation at the table toward her. Then the Russian minister, who was also disposed to sympathize with her, gave a similar entertainment. The wife of the minister of Holland was especially exhorted by Van Buren to take a seat at the supper table by the side of Mrs. Eaton. But when, after some embarrassing dissent on her part, she reluctantly consented to be escorted to the table she deliberately walked out of the room on discovering that Mrs. Eaton was seated at the head of the table."

APPEAL TO THE KING.

Kruger Said to Have Asked a Hearing for Boers.

DEWEY HARD PRESSED.

Plumer Inflicts Severe Punishment at Philippstown—Boers Retire in Confusion.

London, Feb. 18. There is an unbroken rumor here today that President Kruger has drafted a personal letter to King Edward setting forth the Boer cause and asking his majesty's consideration.

London, Feb. 18. According to some of the British correspondents in South Africa, Gen. Dewey's invasion of the Cape Colony has landed him in a bad predicament. They represent him as having been turned into a district already depleted of horses and supplies. The Cape Town correspondent says he fears that the Boer leader is again surrounded. The prisoners captured by Col. Crabbie are represented as having been in the most deplorable condition. Many of them were ragged and without shoes. Gen. Dewey, according to the correspondents, is obliged to frequently resort to force to keep his men in hand. Many have deserted since they crossed the Orange river. His horses are exhausted and underfed.

Orange River Blocks Pursuit.

The Times correspondent at DeAar confirms the report that Dewey's command is "extremely exhausted," and "harassed on all sides." He adds: "Unfortunately the heavy rains have handicapped the movement of British troops from the north. The country is reduced to a swamp. The rise of the Orange river behind the Boers, which ought to have been an advantage, has only prevented the co-operation of Gen. Buller-Hamilton's column on the enemy's rear."

The invaders get sympathy, but few recruits except mere youths. They are mainly armed with Lee-Enfields.

Plumer Strikes Heavy Blow.

Pretoria, Feb. 18. Later details of Col. Plumer's engagement with the retreating force of Boers show that the punishment inflicted on the Boers was greater than at first reported.

Gen. Dewey having crossed the Orange river with a large convoy of ammunition, Col. Plumer's column gave chase to him and inflicted a severe defeat upon his command at Philippstown. The Boers retired in confusion at night, through rain and mud. They narrowly escaped capture.

Col. Crabbie, with a force of guards, was sent with an armed train to cut off Gen. Dewey's retreat at Hout Kraal. He captured fifty prisoners and twenty wagons, containing practically all of Gen. Dewey's supplies, 500,000 rounds of ammunition, 600 shells and a Maxim gun.

The Boers dispersed over the veldt in the direction of Britstown, with the exception of the Carolina commando, which managed to break through the British lines and retreated westward.

Mrs. Buller, having obtained the permission of Gen. Kitchener, has gone eastward to visit her husband, Gen. Buller.

VIEWED WITH ALARM.

Washington Officials Do Not Like the Idea of Renewing Hostilities with China.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—The United States government is facing a serious crisis in China owing to the announcement of the purpose of Field Marshal von Waldersee to begin another offensive campaign. Gen. Chaffee has been invited to join in the expedition which is to be embarked on a larger scale than anything attempted in China since the original march to Peking. The general so informed the war department today and the officials of the state department have been advised of the situation.

This German movement is viewed with absolute dismay here, for it is feared that it requires an immediate decision by the United States government upon its whole line of policy toward the Chinese question. Gen. Chaffee will be told that he is not to participate in this campaign. He has been keeping the American forces in Peking ever since the city was pacified, simply as a league guard, and the German government is fully aware that the United States government purpose to deprive the American contingent in China of its offensive military character and withdraw it from the control of Count von Waldersee in order to hasten peace negotiations and prevent, so far as it could, the continuance of military movements against the Chinese, which were at once unnecessary and harmful in their effect upon the peace movement. So, our government not having changed its policy, cannot do otherwise than cause Gen. Chaffee to refrain from any participation in hostile movements, so long as the present peaceful conditions continue.

But another very serious point under consideration is not whether Chaffee shall join the German movement, but whether it is not the duty of our government to exercise all proper efforts to dissuade the German government from undertaking this campaign.

The Chinese government is unfortunately delaying the peace negotiations in an exasperating fashion, and is not responding in proper spirit to the effort of the United States government. Word has just come from Minister Conger which confirms the press advices relative to the Chinese declaration to accede to the demands of the ministers in the matter of capital punishment of the leaders implicated in the Boxer movement.

SHORT OF STUFF TO FILL HIS PAPER.

Iowa Editor Prints a Pretended Confession of Pat Crowe and Sends it to Sunday Papers.

Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 18.—Editor I. Van Meter of the Waterloo Tribune, whose name has been connected with the Pat Crowe and confession from him in regard to the Cadbury kidnapping case has gone broadcast over the country, today declared the whole matter a hoax.

In his explanation of the story the Iowa editor states that the day before the publication of his weekly paper found him without enough matter to fill his columns and that, believing it would not be taken seriously, he wrote and published the Pat Crowe yarn.

FOR INTERSTATE FAIR.

Important Meeting of the Directors at La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 18. [Special.]—The annual meeting of the Interstate Fair association will be held tonight, at which it will be decided whether or not the association will hold a fair this year. The directors are looking forward to the appropriation of \$3000 from the state to help them out, and if the bill now in the Legislature passes, there is no doubt but that a fair will be held.

CONGRESS.

Senate.

Wednesday, Feb. 13.—During the greater part of the day engaged in executive session and in the counting of the electoral vote for the President and Vice-President of the United States. Late in the afternoon consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill was resumed, but little progress was made. At a night session the District of Columbia code bill was read.

Thursday, Feb. 14.—Considered the agricultural appropriation bill during the day and the district code bill at a night session.

Friday, Feb. 15.—Passed agricultural appropriation bill, with an amendment increasing from \$170,000 to \$300,000 the sum for the distribution of seeds. Mr. Teller announced that he would refuse to agree to a vote on the shipping bill.

Saturday, Feb. 16.—At the conclusion of the morning hour, when the unfinished business, the shipping bill, was laid before the body, Mr. Spooner moved to proceed to the consideration of the omnibus appropriation bill. By a practically unanimous vote—only two senators voting in the negative—the motion prevailed. Thus the shipping bill was displaced as the unfinished business and the omnibus appropriation bill was placed in that order. After a little over an hour's consideration of the measure it was laid aside in order that unopposed bills on the calendar might be considered. Nearly 300 bills, including 197 private pension bills, were passed during the day.

Monday, Feb. 18.—Nearly the whole of today was devoted to consideration of the post-office appropriation bill. The omnibus appropriation bill, \$2,000,000 for an extension of the pneumatic tube service remains undisturbed. Point of order was made against it, but on the appeal of Mr. Mason the entire question was passed over until tomorrow. Mr. Pettus of Alabama delivered a speech in opposition to the ship subsidy bill. Conference report on the military academy appropriation bill was submitted. Mr. Daniel of Virginia made a vigorous attack upon the pension bill which he declared consisted of hoarding of holding a commission in the army, navy or marine corps. The report is still pending.

Tuesday, Feb. 19.—By vote of 18 to 42 rejected conference report on military academy appropriation bill. The action came at conclusion of spirited debate upon provisions against hoarding inserted in bill by conference committee. Report of conference was rejected because regarded by large majority of Senate as too drastic. Mr. DeLoach delivered an address on the Nicaragua canal, advocating construction of waterway by United States. Effort was made to obtain consideration for bill reviving grade of vice-admirals Sampson and Schley, but it was unavailing.

House.

Wednesday, Feb. 13.—Devoted the day, excepting an hour and a half consumed in counting the electoral vote and promulgating the result of the presidential election, to the sundry civil appropriation bill. General debate upon this measure was completed, but little actual progress was made.

Thursday, Feb. 14.—Considered the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Friday, Feb. 15.—Entire day spent in deliberating. Mr. Cannon of the appropriations committee wanted the sundry civil bill taken up. As this day was the last private bill day of the session, a number of measures of that kind set up the bill.

Saturday, Feb. 16.—Made little progress with the sundry civil appropriation bill. The major portion of the time was spent in debating a proposition offered by Mr. Holt (D-Mo.) to strike out the appropriation of \$100,000 for the free transportation of silver coin. It was defeated 61-60. At 4 o'clock public business was suspended to allow the members to pay tribute to the memory of the late Representative Harter of Delaware.

Monday, Feb. 18.—Under suspension of the rules by a vote of 101 to 41 passed the bill appropriating \$5,000,000 for the St. Louis exposition. The bill to define the word "conspiracy" in the Sherman anti-trust law, to strike out the possibility of its being held applicable to labor organizations was defeated by almost a two-thirds vote on account of two amendments which the Judiciary committee placed upon the bill and which were opposed by labor organizations. The sundry civil bill was under consideration late in the day and Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, took occasion to make a detailed statement of the appropriations for the present Congress.

Tuesday, Feb. 19.—Devoted day to consideration of sundry civil appropriation bill, debate being chiefly upon national irrigation of arid lands. Passed resolution calling upon secretary of state and secretary of treasury regarding shipments to South Africa of horses, mules and other army supplies.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Duluth Herald says: "All doubt as to the probability of Tim Donahue managing the Duluth team of the Northwestern league was set at rest today when a letter was received from the star pitcher of the Chicago National league club, saying that it was definitely settled that he would come to Duluth and that he would be managed by President James Hart, saying that he will have no objections to Donahue's coming here. As yet the date for the league's organization meeting has not been fixed. As the season does not open until May 30, there is plenty of time, and the preliminary arrangements in the various towns is what is attracting the most attention now."

George Stallings has signed Norman Ellender, the scrappy shortstop, to a Detroit contract. Stallings says that Dick Harley has also accepted terms of association with him. He will soon issue a call for the schedule meeting of the new league. The meeting proposed for Detroit has been declared off.

William Bourke has purchased the interest of Buchanan Keith in the Omaha baseball team, and now becomes practically sole owner of the franchise and player.

The Pueblo franchise of the Western baseball league, which is held by Billy Hulen, will no doubt go to George Springs instead of to Sioux City. The Colorado city has offered \$3000 for Hulen's team.

There have been many followers of the game here who believed that Joe Perrine should have had at least a draw with Jack Magner before the Battle Athletic club last week, but some of those who have made a study of boxing are of the opinion that Referee Wallace gave the correct decision, although admitting that it was only by a shade. One of the followers who has taken in all the big contests here and in Chicago for the past five years, in speaking of the matter said: "Referee Wallace knew his business and gave a correct decision. It could not have been otherwise unless he wanted to play simply to the crowd and give the winner the worst of it. I don't think he would have been placed in the position of Referee Wallace had he not been a game and honest battle against Magner, and if anything fought the fairer of the two, but on points Magner had the best of it and deserved the decision. Wallace knows the game thoroughly and can hold his own alongside the best of referees in the West."

"Spike" Sullivan of New York was given the decision over Tim Kearns of Brooklyn on points after twenty rounds in a twelve round fight at the Southern Athletic club of Louisville.

Bobber Dicks of Memphis and Young Peter Jackson of California fought twenty rounds to a draw before a large crowd at Memphis. The fight was a clever exhibition throughout.


William J. Clarke of the proposed American association baseball club of Baltimore, says that he has good prospects of signing Thomas Tucker, late captain of the Springfield club, to play first base.

To Mothers of Large Families.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of



MRS. CARRIE BELLEVILLE.

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family."

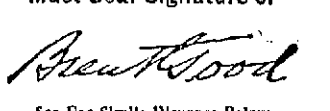
"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with large families."—Mrs. CARRIE BELLEVILLE, Ludington, Mich.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

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Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

GENUINE MUST BEAR SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Fac-Simile.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

DON'T GET WET! TOWER'S FISH BRAND Oiled Clothing.

BLACK OR YELLOW.

Will Keep You Dry.

Nothing Else Will.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. FREE CATALOGUE, SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS. A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Nasal CATARRH.

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 65 Warren Street, New York.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

Homestead Rights of Union Soldiers, their widows or heirs, who made a Homestead Filing on less than 160 acres before June 22, 1874, no matter whether final proof was made or not.

Send stamp for particulars. W. A. SALTER, Haverly, Okla.

Locomotive No. 18,000 was recently turned out of the Baldwin Locomotive works at Philadelphia.

MARSHFIELD ITEMS.

A lodge of Elks will be organized in this city next Tuesday evening under the auspices of the Stevens Point lodge. After the organization has been completed, District Deputy Thomas B. Mills of West Superior will install the officers. After the business is finished the local and visiting Elks will partake of a banquet and enjoy a social time. The Elks are well known for their good fellowship and social times, and one of the first moves of our lodge will be to secure pleasant rooms where they can meet at all times and enjoy themselves.

Some unregenerate cusses got the young Indian who is known as Segler drunk on Wednesday night and as he was too full to navigate he was locked up in the armory to sober up. He was not discovered until next day, and his hands were badly frozen. It is not known what the outcome will be.

Miss Minnie Walterbach and Ernest Oestrich were married Tuesday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents. The ceremony was performed by Rev. L. Thon. The newly married couple will reside in Wausau where Mr. Oestrich is employed as carpenter.

The next convention of the Retail Butchers of Wisconsin will be held in Marshfield, Feb. 24 and 25, 1902. As the membership is rapidly increasing it is expected that several hundred delegates will be in attendance. Wm. J. Ladewig was elected president.

One of our prominent saloon keepers was arrested this week and had to pay a fine of \$25 for having sold liquor to a minor. The minor, by the way, was a girl who had got a job in the back room of the saloon.

NEKOOSA.

Dorothy, the 15 months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Boyles, died on Wednesday after having been ill several weeks with pneumonia. The little one had just reached that age when she was the light of the household so that the loss is felt very keenly. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of the community in their affliction.

Miss Nora McHugh returned to her home at Marshfield on Thursday to remain until Monday. Also Miss Heiser, whose home is in Sigel.

Matt Ludwig and Miss Dora Gasch were married at the Catholic church at Rudolph on Tuesday, Rev. Van Sever officiating.

Mr. Mrs. A. U. Maryia will entertain a party at whist Saturday evening, it being the 10th anniversary of their wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Boles have a brand new baby girl at their house, the little girl having arrived on Tuesday, Feb. 19.

A four months old girl of Mr. and Mrs. Boulgren died on Thursday and was buried on Friday.

Miss Susan Beeston was in Spring Creek over Sunday with her parents.

Attorney H. E. Fitch was in Grand Rapids on business on Thursday.

There was a Washington program at the school on Thursday.

Charles Oberley is in Neenah on business this week.

N. B. Wagner was a Grand Rapids visitor on Friday.

CRANMOOR.

Miss Della Jones of Grand Rapids came down on the noon train Saturday last and remained till the afternoon train Monday, a guest of the Whittlesey family. Miss Carrie Miller of Grand Rapids and Messrs. Charles Whittlesey and Henry Vachrean of Port Edwards came down on the Saturday evening train and were visitors at the same place.

S. N. Whittlesey spent Thursday at Port Edwards on official business. Mr. Whittlesey and son Charles dined with Mr. and Mrs. Will Brazeau at their charming home.

Miss Anna Grieger returned to her post of duty Sunday evening, resuming school work Monday morning after an absence of one week on account of illness.

Miss Myrtle Brooks returned to her home at Grand Rapids Tuesday afternoon, after spending some weeks at the Bennett home.

Miss Dorothy Pitch left on the Wednesday train for Wausau, where she will spend some time visiting her many friends.

Miss Griffith also closed school Thursday afternoon and went up on the 5 o'clock train to her home at Grand Rapids.

Miss Harriet Whittlesey arrived home Thursday evening, Washington's birthday giving an extra vacation day.

The Whittlesey family and guests were pleasantly entertained at the W. H. Fitch home Sunday evening.

Mrs. Selts was summoned to her sister's family Wednesday by the illness of a baby nephew.

Charles Kruger and Mrs. Daniel Regis have been having a serious time with mumps this week.

Miss Bertha Demske does not gain health and strength after her siege with pneumonia.

W. H. Fitch was a Nekoosa visitor Wednesday evening.

BIRON.

Phil Haddock, a third hand in the mill, accidentally got his hand in the calendars Monday forenoon and the result was he lost two fingers of his left hand and had the rest badly bruised. Dr. Ridgman dressed the hand and it is now getting along nicely.

Mrs. John Alpine and her brother, Peter Manney, were called to Weyauwega Thursday on account of their mother being seriously ill with the pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. John Alpine went to a dance at Taylor's Saturday night last and reported a fine time.

P. M. Stearns is laid up this week with an attack of the rheumatism.

PORT EDWARDS.

The Woodmen gave a dance and supper at the Devo hotel and a large crowd was in attendance. A most enjoyable evening was spent by the present.

The pupils of the upper department of the school took a sleighride on Friday. They went in a roundabout and visited district No. 7.

Dora Wood of Grand Rapids was a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Garrison, one day during the past week.

Miss Hesse Price and Gailie Smart of Grand Rapids visited the school in this village one day this week.

Miss May Cahill gave a party to a number of friends on Tuesday evening. All report a good time.

Willie Suprison, who has been incapacitated with mumps, is now able to be in the store again.

C. S. Whittlesey and H. L. Vachrean spent Sunday at Cranmoor the guests of the former's parents.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Morrissey last Saturday morning.

R. H. Cole of Oshkosh was here the past week looking after insurance interests.

Mrs. Louis Hoeller of Appleton is visiting at the Morrissey home this week.

S. N. Whittlesey of Cranmoor was in town on business one day this week.

The Ladies' Aid society met with Mrs. Frank Nord Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Rantz of Appleton is visiting her husband who is in the night here.

Miss Nellie Young was in Grand Rapids on business Friday.

W. J. Auent was a Grand Rapids visitor one day this week.

O. W. Dodge is sick with the grip this week.

GENERAL COUNTY.

Mr. Pillsbury of Pittsville has taken charge of the hotel at Vesper and will run the hotel in the future. Wm. Spooner who has had charge of the place for several months past has returned to his home in the town of Sherry.

George W. Baker, formerly of Oakfield, Wis., who purchased the J. J. Haast farm, one mile north of Milledore, will build a silo this spring and show his neighbors how to handle a dairy farm for profit.

Dennis Dupee, who lives near Pittsville, killed a large wolf last week. The animal had been chased by the dogs of Guy Robinson and the fruits of the chase were divided.

Many people in the vicinity of Vesper are afflicted with the mumps and whole families of children are compelled to go about with their faces in a sling as a consequence.

The Fritzwiler boys of Marshfield have killed within the past few weeks 41 foxes and 8 wildcats.

Charged with Assault.

Wm. Wright was arrested on Thursday on a charge of assault and battery on the person of E. B. Fritzinger and his case will be heard before the police justice on Tuesday.

It seems that Mr. Wright had attempted to remove some books from Mr. Fritzinger's office that the latter gentleman did not wish to part with and in the argument that followed Mr. Wright grabbed the books with the intention of taking forcible possession of them. However, he had apparently not sized up his man properly as Mr. Fritzinger was able to literally "hold his own." Mr. Wright then got out a writ of replevin to gain possession of the books, but a warrant had been sworn out against him for assault and battery in the meantime.

Take a walk through the cemetery alone and you will pass the last resting place of a man who blew down the muzzle of a gun to see if it was loaded. A little further down the slope is the crank who tried to show how close he could come to a moving train. In strolling about you see the monument of a hired girl who tried to light a fire with kerosene, and a grass covered knoll that covers the boy who put a corn cob under a mule's tail. That tall shaft over the man who blew out the gascasts a shadow over the boy who tried to jump on a moving train. Side by side the girl who always had her cursers laced up to the last hole and the intelligent idiot who rode a bicycle nine miles in ten minutes sleep undisturbed. There with the top of a shoe box driven over his head is a rich old man who married a young wife. Away over yonder reposes the boy who went fishing on Sunday and the woman who kept strychnine in her cupboard. The man who stood in front of a mowing machine to oil the sickle is quiet now and rests beside a brakeman who fed himself a 72-ton engine, and over in the potter's field may be seen the bleaching bones of the man who tried to whip the editor.—Floater.

To the Deaf.

A rich lady cured of her deafness and noises in the head by Dr. Nicholson's artificial ear drums, gave \$100.00 to his institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the ear drums may have them free. Address No. 13,884, The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York.

The perfumes of flowers are best obtained by distillation, but where high temperature changes the substance the usual process is enflourage, or absorption with fats. Separation by solvents has required costly apparatus. But a new factory at Frejus, France, claims to use carbon disulphide, acetone or petroleum ether in very simple apparatus, consisting of a tank for the solvent, one for the flowers, and a third for the solution, with steam worm, condensing worm and pump. The steam heat gently distills off the solvent, leaving an extract 100 times as strong as enflourage pomade.

—Dr. J. J. Looze Grand Rapids, office over Wood County Drug store, telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246.

A Fireman's Close Call.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters and, after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by Johnson & Hill Co., and John E. Daly. Price 50 cents.

The murmur of a distant waterfall, the patter of raindrops on the roof and other rhythmic vibrations, produce a soothing effect upon the nervous centers that may deepen into actual anesthesia. Among striking examples recorded by Dr. B. F. Ward is that of a tired workman who, sitting down to rest a moment on a railway cross-tie, was lulled into unconsciousness by the vibrations of an approaching train, and only awakened many hours afterward, when he found that his left arm had fallen over the rail and been crushed. The man had not been drinking. It is concluded that the vibrations must be uniform, rhythmic and steadily increasing in force, and that a suitable metallic operating table with vibrating wheels should give harmless anesthesia as profound as that from chloroform.

Dr. J. C. Coniff, Dentist, Office over the Centralia Drug Co.'s store in Daly block, Centralia, Wis. Telephone 182.

Green Bay & Western Excursions.

Home seekers excursion tickets will be sold to a large number of points in the west and south-west on Feb. 5th and 19th, March 5th and 19th, April 2nd and 16th, May 7th and 21st and June 4th and 18th at one regular first class fare for round trip plus \$2.00. These tickets will be limited twenty-one days from date of sale.

Will also sell settlers one way tickets to points in the west on following dates: Feb. 12th, 19th and 26th; March 5th, 12th, 19th and 26th; April 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd and 30th. Call up the ticket office for rates and conditions; also time of trains and train connections.

A. D. Hill, Agent

—Dr. D. Waters, physician and surgeon. Office over Church's drug store, telephone 182. Night calls at Dixon House, telephone 55.

For the annual convention National Creamery Buttermakers Association C. M. and St. P. will sell excursion tickets Feb. 18 and 19 return limit Feb. 25 at one fare for the round trip.

—Dr. Chas. Pomauville, Dentist. Office over J. A. Cohen's store, Grand Rapids, Wis. Telephone 216.

—Dr. A. L. Ridgman, Centralia. Office over Centralia Drug Store. Telephone No. 92. Telephone at residence, No. 23.

24-26

Summons.

Circuit Court—Wood County.

Mary Miller, Plaintiff, vs. Julius Miller, Defendant. THE STATE OF WISCONSIN—To the said DEFENDANT: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

J. W. COCHRAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. Address Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

WANT COLUMN.

Advertisements in this column cost 5 cents per line per insertion. No ad taken less than 10c.

FOR SALE—Windmill complete with pump and attachments. Apply to the John Arpin Lumber Company.

FOR RENT—Offices, one on east and one on west side. Inquire of Pomauville, the dentist, over Cohen's store.

COAL

Best in the market at lowest prices.

Delivered Anywhere.

Telephone 51.

E. C. KETCHUM.



REVIVO
RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a refund free written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address: ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-22 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale at Church's drug store.

SENT FREE.

So sure are we that the locating of a few of our Electric Belts will develop into numerous sales of our belts and appliances, that we are willing to send one free to any sufferer from the following diseases: Cold extremities, Cystitis, female weakness, kidney complaint, leucorrhea, liver complaint, paralysis, lost vitality, nervous debility, self abuse, worn-out women, sciatica, weak and nervous women, irregular menstruation, impotency, rheumatism, diminutive, shrunken and undeveloped sexual organs, and catarrh.

Address for illustrated circular, etc., Sanitarium City Electrical Co., Battle Creek, Michigan.

GUGGINS & BRAZEAU.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

CENTRALIA, WIS.

Office in Daly's Brick Block.

J. W. COCHRAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CENTRALIA, WIS.

Office over the Bank of Centralia.

W. E. WHEELAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Daly's Block,

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

JOHN A. GAYNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Will practice in the several courts of the Seventh Judicial Circuit. Office in Gardner's Block.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

Telephone No. 46.

B. M. VAUGHAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

GARDNER BLOCK,

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

Real Estate Bought and Sold on Commission.

MARSHFIELD & SOUTHEASTERN R'y.

GOING SOUTH.
Leave Marshfield.....6:35 a. m. 12:45 p. m.
" Arpin.....7:15 a. m. 1:30 p. m.
" Vesper.....7:55 a. m. 1:50 a. m.
" Centralia.....8:35 a. m. 2:30 p. m.
" Port Edwards.....8:55 a. m. 2:50 p. m.
Arrive Nekoosa.....9:35 a. m. 3:10 p. m.

GOING NORTH.
Leave Nekoosa.....9:00 a. m. 3:30 p. m.
" Port Edwards.....9:15 a. m. 4:10 p. m.
" Centralia.....9:35 a. m. 4:40 p. m.
" Vesper.....10:15 a. m. 5:10 p. m.
" Arpin.....10:35 a. m. 5:30 p. m.
Arrive Marshfield.....11:10 a. m. 6:00 p. m.

C. V. SNYDER, Agent.

Time table in effect July 31, 1899.

C. H. GUNDSY, Gen'l Mgr.

C. M. & St. P. R. R.

TRAINS NORTH.
No. 3 Pass., daily except Sunday.....7:25 a. m.
No. 5 " " daily except Sunday.....9:15 p. m.
No. 25 " " Sundays only.....11:45 a. m.
No. 63, way fr't daily except Sun.....11:40 a. m.
TRAINS SOUTH.
No. 2, Passenger, daily.....8:42 p. m.
No. 6 " " daily except Sunday.....12:02 p. m.
No. 92, way fr't daily except Sun.....1:45 p. m.
Trains Nos. 2 and 6 make close connections at New Lisbon east and west. Nos. 5 and 6 make close connections at Tomah, east and west. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points in United States and Canada.

L. M. SELLATREAR, Agent.

G. B. & W. R. R. Co.

No. 1 Passenger, going West leave 11:53 a. m.
No. 3, " " arrive 9:30 p. m.
No. 9, Freight " leave 4:10 a. m.
No. 7, " " arrive 7:30 p. m.
No. 4, Passenger, going East leave 6:40 a. m.
No. 2, " " leave 2:32 p. m.
No. 8, Freight " leave 5:00 a. m.
No. 10, " " arrive 6:15 p. m.
A. D. HILL, Agent.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

LATEST TIME CARD—DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

Leave Minneapolis 12:45 P. M. 6:22 P. M.
" St. Paul 1:25 P. M. 7:15 P. M.
" Duluth 4:05 P. M. 9:45 P. M.
" Ashland 7:15 P. M. 1:15 P. M.
Arrive Chicago 7:15 A. M. 10:05 A. M.
Leave Chicago 10:10 P. M. 6:00 P. M.
" Ashland 8:15 A. M. 8:15 A. M.
" Duluth 11:10 A. M. 11:10 A. M.
" St. Paul 3:10 P. M. 6:00 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis 4:20 P. M. 8:40 A. M.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada.

Close connections made in Chicago with all trains going East and South.

For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee.

Many Eyes

Do not see so well as they should. Many others do not see as well as they

Can be Made to See.

I pride myself on giving every eye I fit, the best possible vision. I have given so many perfect vision with a glass where others have failed, that I feel myself pardonable in making this claim to superiority as an optician.

A. P. HIRZY

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.



Have the most complete stock of Sash and Doors, Columns, Brackets, Spindles and all kinds of Porch Material in the city.

Our New Cottage Doors are Beauties.

Kellogg Bros. Lbr. Co.

Grand Rapids, West Grand Rapids, Nekoosa.

SLATTERY

The Artistic Tailor Will Make You a Perfect Fit.

EAST SIDE
OPPOSITE WITTER
HOUSE.

I AM in the market to get your trade, and in order to get it I am prepared to give you good fits and the best goods that money can buy.

PERFECT FITS
My Specialty.

You may as well dress in a manner that will be an honor to yourself and family as to go around looking like a dummy in front of a ready made clothing store.

Slattery,
The Tailor.

New Spring Dress Goods.

All the very latest shades in pastel colorings. The most elegant display ever shown in this city. Exclusive patterns and styles. A grand opportunity for anyone wanting new ideas in dress. We should like every person interested to come and look us over.

MRS. J. HAMM'S

Telephone 68, Front St., East Side.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

KEWAUNEE SHORT LINE

GREEN BAY & WESTERN R. R. KEWAUNEE, GREEN BAY & WESTERN R. R.
THE POPULAR ROUTE between Green Bay, Winona, La Crosse, Stevens Point, Grand Rapids, St. Paul, Minneapolis and all points in the West and Northwest.
THE SHORT LINE to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington, Buffalo, Detroit, Toledo.
Car ferries across Lake Michigan both summer and winter.

J. A. JORDAN, General Manager

W. C. MODISET, General & Pass. Agt

IF YOU ARE WISE

You will take all the comfort you can in your life.

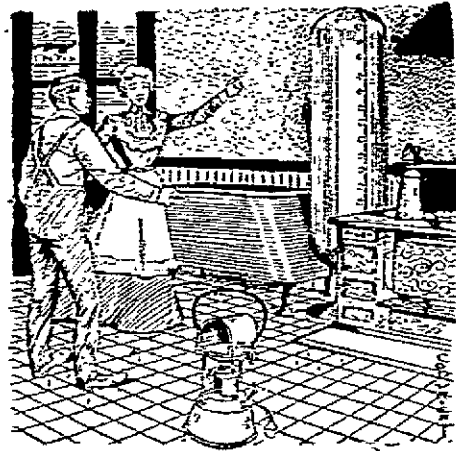
One of the best ways to take comfort is to take it in an easy Rocker. Its just wonderful what rest a Side-arm, easy seat and easy-back Rocker is to a tired out woman or man.

And the surest way to get such a rocker is to get it from us.

My store holds a big showing of fancy rockers. A soft-cushioned roomy rocker for the father; smaller, daintier, but just as comfortable, rockers for the mother.

Rockers for everyone at prices for every purse. \$3.00 buys a very handsome rocker indeed. More money buys better ones.

M. A. BOGGER,
Furniture and Undertaking.



**Show us
a Job,**

And we will show how promptly and well it can be done. Everything in the line of

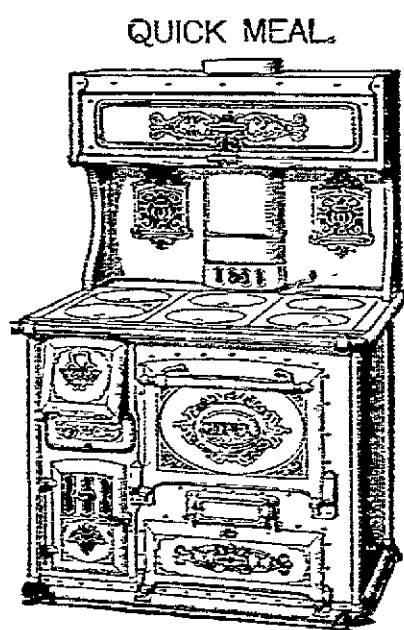
PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS-FITTING

comes within our province. Got the skill and experience necessary to undertake and push to satisfactory completion the most difficult piece of work.

Our estimates will prove we are not high priced.

Gitchell, Lubeck Co.

Quick Meal Ranges.



R U

Going to buy a Steel Range, a Sewing Machine or anything in House Furnishing Goods, if so

U R

Best serving your own interests by going where the best and most complete stock of Hardware, Stoves, Nickel Plated Ware, Shears and Cutlery in the county is kept.

Centralia Hdw. Co.

MORE NEW BOOKS.

Another installment of Fact and Fiction at the Public Library.

Following is a list of new books received this week at the T. B. Scott Free Library. The fiction will be ready for distribution on Monday:

Miscellaneous.
Brown, Abbie F.—Book of Saints and Friendly Beasts.
Clymer, W. B. S.—James Fenimore Cooper.
Field, Eugene—With Trumpet and Drum.
Alden, R. M.—Art of Debate.
Thompson, Maurice—My Winter Garden.
Jastrow, Joseph—Fact and Fable in Psychology.
Roosevelt, Theodore—The Strenuous Life.
Jones, M. C.—European Travel for Women.
Jeeks, Albert A.—Childhood of Jesus the Ojibwa.
Rostand, Edmond—Laiglon.
Williams, H. S.—Story of Nineteenth Century Science.

Lang, Andrew—Cinderella, and other stories.
Burrage, John—Squirrels.
Hills, N. D.—Influence of Christ in Modern Life.
Jeeks, Tador—Boy's Book of Exploration.
Edwards, M. B.—France of Today.
Clark, G. O.—Moon Babies.

Fiction.
Allison, Margaret—Her Boston Experiences.

Gilder, Jeanette S.—Autobiography of a Tomboy.

Harland, Henry—Cardinal's Snuff-Box.

Hope, Anthony—Oursante.

Jackson, G. E.—Pretty Polly Perkins.

Potter, M. H.—Uncanonized.

Potter, M. H.—True Annals of Fairy Land.

Russell, W. C.—Cruise of the Pretty Polly.

Scott, Sir Walter—Waverley.

Smith, Gertrude—Roggie and Reggie Stories.

Thompson, A. R.—Gold-seeking on the Dalton Trail.

Warman, Cy.—Short Rails.

Wells, D. D.—Her Ladyship's Elephant.

White, W. A.—The Court of Boy-willie.

Lenten Regulations.

1. All the days of Lent, Sundays excepted, are fasts of obligation, on which but one full meal is allowed.

2. The use of flesh meats is allowed, by Apostolic dispensation, at the principal meal only, on all days except Wednesdays and Friday, and also Saturday of the second or Ember week and of Holy week.

3. The use of eggs, butter, milk and cheese is by custom allowed through out the Lent, and also the use of lard instead of butter for cooking.

4. Fish and flesh meat are not permitted to be used at the same meal, not even on Sundays.

5. A collation or repast may be taken in the evening, but it ought not to exceed the fourth part of an ordinary meal; and a cup of coffee or tea, mixed with a little milk, may be taken with a small slice of bread by those who need it in the morning.

6. Besides Lent there are, during the year, the following days of fast and abstinence:

a) Wednesday, Friday and Saturday in every Ember week.

b) The Vigils of Pentecost, of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin, of All Saints' Day and of Christmas; likewise the Fridays of Advent.

c) All Fridays during the year are days of abstinence from flesh meat; on Saturdays the use of flesh meat is allowed again for the year by Apostolic dispensation, except in case where a fast day falls on a Saturday.

7. All must consider themselves as strictly bound to this fast; those only are exempt who are under the age of twenty-one and such persons as are sick, infirm, convalescent or otherwise of a delicate constitution, and whose strength is impaired by old age, nursing or by hard labor. Those who entertain any reasonable doubt about their obligation to fast or abstain ought to have recourse to their respective pastors for advice or dispensation.

8. Those who are not bound to fast may use flesh meat more than once each day on which its use is permitted. By an indult of the 15th of March, 1895, the Holy See has given, for ten years to the Bishops of the United States, the faculty of dispensing in favor of working people from the law of abstinence on certain days.

By virtue of this indult we permit working people and their families to use flesh meat on all fast and abstinence days of the year, except Fridays, Ash Wednesday, Wednesday and Saturday in Holy Week and the Vigil of Christmas. All persons, who make use of this dispensation, are advised to perform some other work of penance or self-denial.

N. B.—1. The Rev. Rectors are requested to have special Tented devotions in their churches on Wednesday, Friday and Sunday evenings.

2. On the first Sunday in Lent the collections for the Indian and colored missions is to be taken up in all the churches of the diocese.

JAMES SCHWABACH,
Bishop of LaCrosse.

LaCrosse, Feb. 12, 1901.

Lost Three Fingers.

Philip Haddock met with an accident in the Biron mill on Monday by which he lost three fingers of his left hand. He was working about the calendar rolls and his hand was drawn in and two of three fingers crushed so badly that they had to be amputated.

Death of John Eckles.

John Eckles, one of the pioneers of Central Wisconsin, and who had been a resident of Portage county since 1840, died at his home in the village of Plover last Sunday morning. Mr. Eckles, who was in the 86th year of his age, was born in Stark county, Ohio, Apr. 16th, 1815. He followed the life of a river pilot, and was the first person who successfully ran a raft over the dam at Grand Rapids, which he did in 1840. He was a large, powerful man, and is said to have been one of the most successful pilots on the Wisconsin river, following that occupation for over 30 years, or as long as lumber was conveyed to southern markets in this manner. He assisted in opening the first road into the Wisconsin pinery, from Berlin to Plover, and also from Portage to Plover. The funeral took place from the late home in Plover at two o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Decker, of the M. E. church, officiating, with interment in the Plover cemetery, and was largely attended, old friends being present from various parts.

The Bell-Schalle Nuptials.

On Wednesday evening John C. Bell and Miss Gertrude Schalle, both of this city, were united in marriage at the Lyon House, the home of the bride's father. The ceremony was performed in the hotel parlors, the Rev. W. A. Peterson officiating. Louis Schalle acted in the capacity of groomsmen and Mrs. Mae LaVigne as bridesmaid.

Both of the contracting parties are well known in this city. Miss Schalle is the step-daughter of Landlord Jasper Croteau and has a host of friends among both young and old, having lived in this city and vicinity the greater part of her life.

Mr. Bell has also lived in this city much of his life and is well and favorably known.

The couple left on the 8:40 train for Baraboo, Madison and Oshkosh, expecting to be absent about a week. They will make their home in this city in the future.

Johnson-Cauley.

Gus Johnson of Stevens Point and Miss Alice Cauley of Nekoosa were married Tuesday afternoon at Rudolph. The attendants were Miss McHugh of Marshfield and Mr. Nash of Nekoosa.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson took the train that evening for Wausau and went from there to Stevens Point, remaining until Thursday with her brothers, M. J. and Thomas Cauley, when they will leave for Watervliet, Mich., where Mr. Johnson will be employed in a paper mill. Mr. Johnson is a millwright and is considered an expert in paper mill construction. He has been employed at the Plover mill for a number of years and also at the Nekoosa mills. Miss Cauley was raised in the town of Linwood.

Cooper-Case.

At the Catholic parsonage, in Rudolph on Thursday at 10 o'clock a. m., Miss Ida Case and Raymond Cooper were married. Rev. A. Van Sever officiated in the ceremony, which was witnessed by relatives and friends of the contracting parties. Miss Laura Provost attended the bride while Myron Reinhart acted as "best man."

The bride is an estimable young lady and although a resident of Rudolph but a short time she leaves behind a host of friends, to accompany her husband to his farm home near Bonilla, S. D. The young man is a son of I. W. Cooper of that place and is in every way worthy of the young lady he has taken for his wife. We wish them success and happiness.

Next Summer's Trade.

There is little doubt but that the coming summer season will be a lively one for the city of Grand Rapids, unless there is an awful falling off of the projects now in sight.

With the erection of a \$39,000 school house, the building of a dam and its accompanying improvements, of a paper mill, power house, etc., the installation of a waterworks system and the building of a railroad there ought to be work for even the most persistent loafer.

Should it happen that all these improvements are started this year it will indeed make a busy season, one rather too busy for this usually quiet town, and might mean a corresponding relapse after a fictitious building up of values.

One Born Every Minute.

One of the sharpest, although certainly the most simple and apparent confidence game which has been worked in this section for some time, has lately found victims in the town of Berlin and neighboring places. The sharper comes along with a valise full of watches, (cheap ones), and offers the farmer one for a price ranging from five to eleven dollars. "We don't want your money," says the sharper. "We'll take your note for it." Many farmers have been caught although no notes have yet appeared at the banks in Wausau or in Merrill. It is expected that the sharpeners have "doctored" the notes so as to raise the denomination. There is one born every minute. —Merrill Advocate.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25 cents at Johnson & Hill Co.'s and John E. Daly's drug stores.

OLD SETTLERS TO MEET.

Will Hold Their Annual Blowout in This City April 11.

The old settlers will hold their annual meeting, banquet and general good time in this city on Monday evening, March 11.

The meeting will be held at the opera house and there is little doubt but that it will be full of interest for the old settlers.

The following committees were appointed for the coming entertainment: Executive—J. A. Gaynor, Mrs. G. W. Baker and Mrs. J. Collier.

Program—F. J. Wood, Mrs. E. C. Rossier, A. L. Fontaine, Mrs. O. Denis and Mrs. C. H. Brown.

Supper—R. E. McFarland, Mrs. J. Cauning and Mrs. Belanger.

G. W. Baker was appointed a committee of one to secure the opera house.

A Word to the Wise.

The following paragraph from the Stevens Point Journal is interesting, not because it flatters us, but because it shows how trade is fostered by wise methods of dealing:

Stevens Point is said to be the only trading center in the Wisconsin valley where farmers can get spot cash for produce. In all other towns they are paid in store checks. The effect of these cash transactions may be seen in the constantly increasing trade from farmers in Wood and Marathon counties, who formerly traded at Grand Rapids and Wausau. The farmers appreciate the cash. As a rule a farmer, no matter where he comes from, never leaves town without buying something.

This ought to be a warning to our merchants and cause them to govern themselves accordingly. Money paid to the farmer returns to a great extent to the parties who pay it.

The farmer must have some cash and if he cannot get it here, he has got to go to a town where he can. He cannot pay his taxes with calico and blackstrap molasses and if he goes to another town to sell his produce, that town is where he will buy the necessities of life that he carries home with him.

People who trade with our merchants are perfectly willing and do pay them a fair profit on the produce that the merchant secures from the farmer and there is no reason why the farmer should not receive his pay in legal tender.

Some storekeepers make the excuse that they cannot pay cash because they have to accept much inferior stuff from certain farmers in order to hold their trade, and that if cash were paid for this the merchant would come out behind on the deal. It would seem that the way to get around this would be to pay cash. There is nobody so independent as the cash buyer, and anything that was not up to standard could either be refused or else be bought at the price it was worth. If the farmers were selling for cash they would not expect to work off an inferior article, but would see that everything they brought in was in as good shape as they could get it so as to command the highest cash price.

There is a great satisfaction in receiving cash for your labor, even though you may have to turn about and hand back the money for some article. It gives a feeling of independence on both sides that does not otherwise exist.

Society and Club Notices.

The Woman's club will meet next Monday evening with Miss Alice Nash at the residence of Mrs. Ward.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society will meet at the parlors of the M. E. Church on Friday March 1, at 3 p. m.

The Catholic Ladies' Aid society will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Tom Mullen.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church, east side, will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Eumons.

The M. W. K. club will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. John Steib.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Congregational church will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. M. G. Gordon.

The Woman's Historical and Literary society will meet next Monday evening with Miss Ella Hasbrouck.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of the west side will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Chas. Brown. On Wednesday, March 6, there will be a social and art gallery at the home of Mrs. C. F. Kellogg.

The Travel Class will meet next Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. L. E. Philico.

Had to Conquer or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel Springs, N. C. "I had consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well. It's an unrivaled life-saver in consumption, pneumonia, la grippe and bronchitis; infallible for coughs, colds, asthma, hay fever, croup or whooping cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Johnson & Hill Co.'s and John E. Daly's drug stores.

For Sale Cheap.

A two story frame house of four rooms and four lots 51x135, with well, wooded, nice lawn, shade trees, etc., on Milwaukee street, can be bought for \$600, on account of owner leaving town. This is worth investigating. Call at the Tribune office for further information.

The Lenten Season

Is now at hand. For a full line of

FRESH and SALT FISH

—Call on—

W. GROSS,
West Side Grocer.

Silence is Golden YET SELFISH.

Were we to remain silent the public would be longer in discovering that they can save from 40 to 60 per cent. on any piece of furniture they wish to purchase, or in other words, can obtain high grade furniture at a lower price than is paid to other dealers for an inferior quality.

J. W. NATWICK,
The Furniture Man.

Try our choice

Chocolate Cream Candies.

They are the best, that is: always fresh and good.

Our line of Cigars are the best, consisting of all popular brands in both 5 and 10c cigars. Remember the place.

Sam Church,
The Druggist.

Patronize Home Industry
by having your work done at the
Riverside Steam Laundry.
All work guaranteed.
GEORGE BOYER, PROP.
West Side, Near Commercial House.

G. Bruderli,
HAND MADE
BOOTS AND SHOES.

Repairing promptly attended to. All work first class in every respect.

SHOP OPPOSITE JOHNSON & HILL CO.

REV. BLATCHFORD IS DEAD.

Oldest Missionary in Wisconsin
Dies at Odanah.

TAUGHT THE INDIANS.

Spent His Life Among the Chip-
pewas—Old Age Caused
His Death.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Rev. Henry Blatchford, for sixty-nine years a Presbyterian missionary among the Chippewa Indians of the Lake Superior region, died at Odanah, at the age of 93 years. Mr. Blatchford was undoubtedly the oldest missionary in Wisconsin, not only in point of service, but in years. He has lived in Odanah of late years. His life was spent among the Chippewas, and he died among the people for whom he had labored so many years. Death was caused by old age.

GLIDDEN FARMER KILLED BY TRAIN.

Will Mink Run Down by Wisconsin
Central Passenger While Driv-
ing to Ashland.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Will Mink, a farmer residing near Glidden, was killed early this morning by a northbound Wisconsin Central train. He was driving a team and at 5 o'clock attempted to cross the Central's tracks. The approaching passenger train struck the rig and its occupant, killing the horses and throwing Mink quite a distance from the track. Mink died soon after the accident.

INSURANCE EXPIRED TEN HOURS BEFORE.

Helds of Rev. Joseph Moran of La
Crosse Unable to Collect
\$5000 Insurance.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—It has developed that the \$5000 insurance carried by the late Rev. Joseph Moran, who was buried here Saturday, cannot be collected owing to the fact that it had run out ten hours before the accident occurred which resulted in his death and had not been renewed.

E. S. BRAGG FOR JUDGE.

Friends of the Little General Wan
Him to Accept Nonpar-
tisan Nomination.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Friends of Gen. Edward S. Bragg are circulating nomination papers for him as a non-partisan candidate for the position of county judge. Since Judge Richter's announcement that he will not accept re-nomination, the friends of the general have been urging him to allow them to place him in nomination as a candidate for the position.

Gen. Bragg refused to be interviewed upon the subject this morning, but he is said to have favorably upon the movement started by his friends.

Judge August E. Richter, who is serving his third term, covering in all a period of twelve years, as county judge of Fond du Lac county, announces that he must decline re-election. His decision will cause general regret among the voters of the county, with whom Judge Richter has always been a favorite. He had, as a prominent member of the bar, expressed it yesterday, a "cinch" on a re-election, although several other candidates were in the field for the honor.

WILL NOW BAT GERMS.

Dr. Rodermund Says He Will Fur-
ther Demonstrate that Smallpox
is Not Contagious.

Appleton, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—"I now propose to visit a smallpox patient and not only rub myself with the pus but swallow a portion of the virus, in order to prove without question the truth of my assertion that the disease is not contagious," said Dr. J. M. Rodermund, today.

"Of course I shall not let anyone know when I do this, because I don't care to be quarantined again. I propose this time to take witnesses with me when I visit the patient and I shall see that one of them has a camera so that it can be proved by the photographs beyond any doubt that I will do just as I say."

Dr. Rodermund has proven himself a man of his word and it is generally believed that he will make good his statements. The officers consequently are quarantined on a sharp lookout and will again quarantine on the first suspicion. There are still a number of smallpox cases in the vicinity and Rodermund will encounter no difficulty in visiting one if he wishes.

CUTS THROAT WITH KNIFE.

Anton Kronick of Kingsbridge Takes
His Own Life.

Two Rivers, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Anton Kronick, a blacksmith 39 years of age, residing at Kingsbridge, committed suicide last night by cutting his throat with a butcher knife. No cause for the deed is known.

GRANTING FRANCHISES.

Many Towns in Chippewa County En-
couraging New Company.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—The O. J. Jensen Telephone company, which owns and operates a telephone system from Cadott to Estella, in this county, has been granted franchises to place exchanges at Bord and Stanley. Other towns along the line of the Wisconsin Central railway are considering the matter of granting franchises.

ENGINEER MILLS INJURED.

Badly Hurt in Collision on Central
Near Ceylon.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—A head-end collision occurred on the Wisconsin Central at Ceylon, fifty miles west of here, yesterday morning. Engineer Jerry Mills, in a three-ribe box car, was injured. The engines and several box cars were badly damaged.

Assumes Pastorate at La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Rev. Elmer C. Forrie of Kansas has assumed charge of his new pastorate here, at the First Baptist church, which has been without a pastor for six months.

Insane Man Kills Himself.

Beloit, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Allen Irving, a farmer residing near town, committed suicide. He was insane and had lately come from Mendota.

NINETEEN BREAK FROM QUARANTINE.

Men Claim They Are Starving and
Demand Food—Mayor of Neenah
Guarantees Board Bills.

Neenah, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—The nineteen men who were held in smallpox quarantine in the hotel of Butler & McCarthy marched out past their guards at 8:30 o'clock last night and went to the mayor's office where they stated that they were starving and demanded food.

The trouble arises over the proprietors of the hotel making formal request for a guarantee of expenses in maintaining the nineteen people who are being held in their hotel against their will and who refuse to pay their board while kept in quarantine. Mayor Kafkas refused this guarantee, claiming that the city is in no way responsible for the debts of the quarantined persons.

When the mayor refused to guarantee the payment of the board bill of the persons quarantined in the hotel the proprietors locked up their dining room and all their supplies and stood guard over them with revolvers. The men refused to pay board while detained against their will and the proprietors refused to feed them. When the papers of hunger became so fierce to be borne they determined on desperate measures and broke the quarantine.

At last the mayor agreed to guarantee the bills and the men returned to the hotel and were served with a beautiful supper.

Green Bay, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Another case of smallpox in a very light form has developed in this city. The patient is the 8-year-old daughter of George G. Gorman, a proprietor of a school last week and the origin of the case is not known.

Marquette, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Another case of smallpox has broken out. The little son of A. Healy is down with the dread disease. The case is a mild one.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Two more smallpox cases were taken to the city pesthouse today. Both cases were from a lumber camp and were promptly taken in charge. This makes a total of six cases in the pesthouse at present.

GREAT DEVELOPMENT OF DAIRY INTERESTS.

Many New Creameries and Cheese
Factories to be Built in North-
ern Wisconsin.

New Richmond, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—This coming season will witness a remarkable development and expansion of the dairy interests in St. Croix county and the movement promises to become general all through northern Wisconsin. There are today in operation in this county, four creameries and two cheese factories. Two cheese factories are being built in the city market. Two others are being operated as skimming stations. Three others run only during the summer months. Three additional cheese factories will be built in the county just as soon as the weather will admit of outside operations. New Richmond business men are laying plans for a cheese factory or a creamery and it is possible both combined in one.

HARNESS RAPIDS ON KETTLE RIVER.

Valuable Water Power Near Grants-
burg Is Soon to be Put
In Use.

Grantsburg, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—The citizens of Grantsburg have long realized that they have one of the finest water powers in the country within six miles of the village. Kettle river rapids, which is in the main St. Croix river, is six miles long, has a fall of seventy feet and taken in connection with the rapids on lower Kettle river, contiguous thereto, will furnish power equal to if not exceeding the famous Minneapolis waterpower.

The Business Men's association of Grantsburg have succeeded in interesting Eastern capital and this power will be harnessed and transmitted to this and surrounding towns.

HOW BIRDS HELP FARMERS.

They Prey on Mice, Insects and Other
Vermin.

"The bulletins on birds and mammals published by the biological survey at Washington correct widely prevalent errors as to the economic status of species that affect agricultural interests, and demonstrate the inefficiency and wastefulness of bounty laws, under which millions of dollars have been expended by the various states and territories without accomplishing the object for which they were intended."

"Birds are the farmers' most valuable aids in his life-long battle with the insects that prey on his crops. How important, therefore, it should be to the farmer to know that do him greater service in the case of hawks and owls the division has shown, by the examination of the stomach contents of about 2000 of these universally hated and persecuted birds, that only six out of the seventy-three kinds inhabiting the United States are injurious and three of these are rare they need hardly be considered, leaving only three to be taken into account as enemies of agriculture. The other prey upon insects and other vermin, and rank among the farmers' best friends."

"Since its establishment, in 1883, the division has examined the stomach contents of nearly 15,000 birds belonging to 240 species and sub-species, and has published information on the food habits of 140 kinds, mainly hawks, owls, crows, jays, blackbirds, sparrows, thrushes, flycatchers, swallows, wrens, shrikes, woodpeckers, horned larks and cedarbirds."

Arthur Henry in Ainslie's.

EPIDEMIC OF SCARLET FEVER.

School Near Plainfield is Forced to
Close.

Plainfield, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—Miss Myrtle Boyd was obliged to close her school in the town of Rose, some ten miles east of here, on account of scarlet fever, which is prevailing there. Nearly one-quarter of the children are ill with the disease.

Chance—Its Narrow Limits.

If, in speaking of chance, we mean simply something whose cause we do not know, it may be allowable to say that it is the word we use to denote that which happens without a cause it is an injurious fallacy, which should be banished from every mind and every lip. If we remember that every chance is only an illustration of our own ignorance, we shall gradually curtail the idea of it within narrower and truer limits.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Artesian Well Giving Out.

Racine, Wis., Feb. 19.—[Special].—The Monument square artesian well which supplies water to several hundred families, is giving out.

DR. F. J. HODGES IS DEAD.

Well-Known Physician of Ashland
Passes Away.

DUE TO BLOOD POISON.

Fatally Poisoned While Performing
an Operation—Conducted a Large
Hospital in Ashland.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 18.—[Special].—Dr. Fred J. Hodges, a well-known physician of Ashland, Wis., died at noon today at the home of Robert Lindholm, president of the civil service commission, 678 La Salle avenue. Dr. Hodges was born in Michigan thirty-two years ago, was graduated from the Chicago Medical college in 1888, practiced medicine a few years in Chicago and later moved to Anderson, Ind. For the last few years he has been associated with his brother-in-law, Dr. Rinehart, in the conduct of an extensive hospital at Ashland, Wis. Six weeks ago, while performing an operation, Dr. Hodges was poisoned through an abrasion on his hand, but after three weeks was sufficiently recovered to take a trip to Chicago with his wife and one child for a week of rest and recuperation. A relapse followed and the physician expired. His wife was present when he died. He leaves three children, two of whom are ill at their home in Ashland.

Anthony Miller, Burlington.

Burlington, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—Anthony Miller, one of the leading business men of Burlington, died suddenly of heart trouble.

Walter B. Hall, Burnett Junction.

Burnett Junction, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—Maurine B. Hall, a piano player of Burnett Junction, died at the home of her son, Merrill Hall. Mr. Hall was 92 years old.

Mrs. F. J. Bristol, Oakfield.

Oakfield, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—Mrs. F. J. Bristol is dead. She was a daughter of Carter Z. Gordon of this place and was 35 years old.

Mrs. Owen R. Williams, Wales.

Wales, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—Mrs. Owen R. Williams died at the county house, of which institution her husband is superintendent.

G. W. Teal, Wescanewau.

Wescanewau, Wis., Feb. 18.—George W. Teal, of Wescanewau, an early settler, died at the age of about 55 years. He was a veteran of the Civil war.

Timothy Kowak, Racine.

Racine, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—Timothy Kowak, aged 82 years, died this morning. He was one of earliest settlers of this city.

Other Deaths in the State.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—Mrs. J. P. Telehan died this morning while sitting in a chair. She was 91 years old.

New Lisbon, Wis., Feb. 18.—E. T. Sage, son of E. D. Sage of this city, died at Columbia, South America.

Mrs. Fred Kroumer died of blood poisoning.

Baraboo, Wis., Feb. 18.—Amos Johnson died, aged 72.

WRECK AT GLENWOOD.

One Man Seriously Injured in Head-
end Collision on the Wisconsin
Central Road.

Glenwood, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—There was a head-end collision between two through freighters on the Wisconsin Central at Cyclone, five miles west of here, early this morning. One man was seriously hurt and several head of cattle were killed. One engine and several cars were badly wrecked, but traffic was not interfered with, as there is a sidetrack where the wreck occurred.

NOT HELD ON BOND.

The End of a Famous Case at
La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—A jury in the circuit court brought in a verdict for the defendant in the suit of the State vs. Mathias Simon, a case which was over a \$2000 bond which Simon signed for R. L. C. Holbeck, who absconded six years ago with the funds of several concerns which he represented. Simon's defense was that Holbeck claimed he would get another signer to the bond and on that condition Simon signed it.

ALL ABLE TO HYPNOTIZE.

Authorities at Trempealeau will Put
a Stop to the Practice.

Trempealeau, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—Hypnotism is all the rage in this town as a sequel to the feats of a traveling hypnotist, who represented the city, was killed. Fully fifteen young people can now produce, it is claimed, the magic spell and it is becoming such a nuisance that the authorities are devising plans to break up the practice.

GIFT TO THE Y. M. C. A.

La Crosse Man Helps the Association
in His City.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special].—B. B. Heston, an old resident of the city, has given to the Young Men's Christian association a valuable gift in the shape of half a block of city property, valued at \$2000. The association is doing its best to raise money enough to build an addition to its building, and place there in aatorium.

Eagle Killed by a Ferret in the Sky.

Monnaia eagles are reported to be swarming on the Tondol, near Gualon, feeding on the thousands of rabbits driven into the valley by snow in the mountains and foothills. The ranchmen fear that the ravenous hunger of the eagles will tempt them to attack human beings.

One of the eagles met its match a few days ago. Ferrets have been brought into the valley to kill rabbits. This particular eagle swooped down upon a ferret. The ferret caught the eagle by the throat and the bird flew far into the air. Only a few minutes elapsed when the eagle was tumbling down. The ranchmen who had watched the midair battle ran over to the fallen bird and found it dead. The ferret had bitten through the throat and was still clinging to the bird.

"Tom" Holland, superintendent of fisheries, said last night that the eagles were proving good sport for ranchmen and that several large ones had been brought down with guns in the hands of ranchmen in the valley.—Denver Republican.

Germany's Product of Pig Iron.

The German are claiming that, in spite of all our boasting, that an increasing output of pig iron is a factor in the United States. This seems to be the fact. The German output of pig iron the past year was 8,351,742 tons, representing an increase of 75 per cent. since 1890. The United States output last year was 13,782,242 tons, representing an increase of 30 per cent. since 1890.

BROKE THE SABBATH.

Mrs. Nation's Army of Crusaders
Resumes War on Joins.

FOUR TIMES ARRESTED.

Bars Placed in Storage Warehouse for
Safekeeping Are Demolished—
Dined with Sheriff.

New York, Feb. 18.—Mrs. Carrie Nation in a letter to the editor of Leslie's Weekly says: "A saloon has no right in any place. I will smash the saloons in New York, Milwaukee, St. Louis and Chicago. Just as in Kansas. But I must clean up my own home before I dare say to my neighbor, 'I can tell you how to clean yours.'"

"The time for the saloon to go has come. We are organizing an army of home defenders which demands that the murder shop close, or be closed by law. Otherwise we destroy this destroyer by means of anything that will smash. This is a severe word, but nothing can convey that thought so forcefully as the results. We attack nothing but that which is dangerous to humanity and heaven."

"We purpose to organize an army of true mothers who are physically able and willing to join in a crusade to drive out the murder shops by destroying their instruments. We do not desire or intend to injure the person of anyone. We, in self-defense, go out from our home to the rescue of children who are the victims of this traffic."

A Sunday Raid.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 18.—Mrs. Carrie Nation resumed her crusade against saloons today. She gathered an army of 500 men and women early in the morning, she headed an expedition against the joints and made the day replete with exciting incidents. One of the most notorious saloons in Topeka was wrecked in a wreck which began when Mrs. Nation followed this up by breaking into a storage warehouse where a number of fine bars had been placed for safety and demolishing all the furniture. Three times her work was interrupted by her arrest, but each time she speedily secured bail and continued the war on the joints.

Nearly all the men and women were armed with hatchets and axes, and they moved with some semblance of order and with an unmixled defiance to the place of their leader. In the crowd were a large number of students of Washburn college, several clergymen and many professional and business men.

Stealthy Work of Expedition.

The company marched silently out of the statehouse grounds, down Kansas avenue to a place on East Sixth street, kept by Ed Murphy. When the joint was reached the work of demolition was commenced without preliminaries. Mrs. Nation, brandishing a new hatchet, headed the onslaught uttering words of denunciation against the jointkeepers. As they went on her way she threw the first place glass window at hand. Others followed her lead quickly.

Amid the shouts of the crusaders and the hurled protests of a squad of policemen trying to protest the property, the company was soon crashing to the ground on all sides. Next the door was smashed in and the interior, beer kegs, bottles, mirrors and everything smashable, was attacked. Hardly five minutes after Mrs. Nation had begun the smashup what was once a well-furnished joint was in complete ruins.

Bars in Storage Are Smashed.

Her work over, Mrs. Nation promptly emerged from the place only to be arrested. She went along with the officer followed by her band and many people who had gathered. At the police station she was released promptly and hurried back to her work.

She entered a livery barn in which some bars had been stored and smashed them. Then at the head of twenty-five of her stout-hearted followers, she went to Moser's cold storage plant and began the search for some liquor she thought had been stored there. This time Mrs. Nation was arrested by the county authorities and was taken to the jail in a patrol wagon. It was afternoon before she was released from jail on bond, and after taking dinner with Sheriff Cook, she went to the First Christian church, where she was accosted by an officer with a warrant and taken to the county jail again. She started this time for two hours and finally her bond was signed by a prominent negro politician.

BIBLE CITED AS AUTHORITY.

Mrs. Nation Emulates the Savior in
Abolishing Nuisances.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 18.—Hearing was resumed in the city court of the action brought against Mrs. Nation by the proprietors of "joint" at 476 Kansas avenue, wrecked ten days ago. The court room was jammed. Attorney Jamison conducted the prosecution, while At-



ORIGIN OF LLOYD'S.

Famous Insurance Company Named
After a London Coffee House.

Lloyd's was the name of Edward Lloyd's coffee house in Tower street, where the seventeenth century underwriters were wont to meet for the transaction of their marine insurance business. When in 1774 the coffee house business was taken over by the Royal Exchange they took the name with them.

Next year war broke out and lasted virtually until Waterloo. Those years of turmoil brought many fortunes to the underwriters. Col. Hozier boldly averred that Napoleon did more for British commerce than any British statesman ever did because by paralyzing Europe he drove Europe's commerce into sea-girt England.

Then, as now, there were ways of making money out of the country's woes. Ships would be laden and insured, then run out straight into the arms of the enemy, for the sake of the insurance money.

Much gold has gone down to the bottom of the sea in ships and much of it is there still. Ships have been insured and cast away for the sake of the insurance money. The capital of the nation was hanged for it in 1802. Vessels which never existed have been insured, and naturally lost. Bogus cargoes have been insured and diamonds have leapt overboard mysteriously.—London Daily Mail.

HALF DEAD SOLDIER.

Returns All Broken Up to His Home
in South Dakota.

Bristol, S. D., Feb. 18, 1901.—[Special].—Peter Behres says: "When I returned from the war I found that I was in a very critical condition. My system was all run down, and I gradually became worse, until I was half dead with Kidney and Bladder Trouble. My family wanted me to consult a physician, but as I had learned through several of my comrades of the wonderful cures of Dodd's Kidney Pills I determined to give them a trial first."

Mr. Behres, of Capt. Behres, as he should be called, because he was captain of the First Minnesota Cavalry, and in 1862 was for fourteen months in continual service in warfare with the Indians, is now an honored member of the G. A. R., who has reached the ripe old age of three score years and ten. He continues: "I am now an old soldier, seventy years of age, and enjoying almost perfect health, and all thanks for this are due to Dodd's Kidney Pills. I found after having used the first few boxes that my faith was not misplaced in them, and in a very short while my kidneys were doing the work required of them and the bladder trouble was soon eliminated. It was almost a year before I was myself, but during that time I used Dodd's Kidney Pills faithfully and with the very best results that anyone could wish for. I would not have been without them for a king's ransom. I am now well as any man of my age."

50c a box, six boxes for \$2.50. Buy them from your local dealer if you can. If he cannot supply you, send to the Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

New Typewriter Device.

F. E. Granger of Aberdeen, N. D., has applied for a patent on a device to be attached to typewriters, which obviates the holding down of the shift key while striking a capital letter. The shift key, when down, remains until the capital letter is struck, when it automatically shifts back to the lower case letter. The device has been in actual use for over a year, and is found to be practical in every sense of the word.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this page will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and wiping it out. It cures by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

New York Botanical Garden.

The New York Botanical garden has about 5400 species available for study in all the plantations, the conservatories and the wild parts of the park, exclusive of the lichens, fungi and algae. In the course of the year 48,824 herbaceous specimens from all parts of the world were acquired. About 67,050 sheets, containing fully 112,050 specimens, were mounted and distributed in the herbarium cases.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

To Exterminate Prairie Dogs.

In Kansas there is a bill before the Legislature to take a census of the prairie dogs of the state, with a view of exterminating them.

A Remedy for the Grippe.

Physicians recommend KEMP'S BAL-SAM for patients afflicted with the grip, as it is especially adapted for the throat and lungs. Don't wait for the first symptoms, but get a bottle to-day and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grip brings on pneumonia. KEMP'S BAL-SAM prevents this by keeping the cough loose and the lungs free from inflammation. All druggists, 25c and 50c.

According to returns just issued

the number of horses in Great Britain is less by 16,487 than in 1899.

Lanc's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

The English statute mile is 1760

standard yards.

PROSTATIC CONES

Cure Diseases of the Prostate Gland (often mistaken for stricture, bladder and kidney trouble). Small twisted stream, difficulty in starting, dribbling of urine, inability to hold the water, ammonia in the urine, pain in the back, aged and elderly men. Specially reliable and radical cure. 50c per box. Sample and literature (sealed).

THE LANC, 111, GLEBE, MANCHESTER, ENGL.

LAGE CURTAINS

Ladies' and Gent's Clothes and all other goods at low prices. Mail orders promptly attended to. Write, 1100, ALBANY, N.Y. 334 Clinton Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

CONGRESSMAN HOWARD

Of National Reputation Are the Men Who Recommend Peruna to Fellow Sufferers.

A Remarkable Case Reported from the State of New York.



CONGRESSMAN HOWARD OF ALABAMA.

House of Representatives.
Washington, Feb. 4, 1899.
The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Gentlemen: "I have taken Peruna now for two weeks, and find it very much relieved. I feel that my cure will be permanent. I have also taken it for influenza, and I take pleasure in recommending Peruna as an excellent remedy to all fellow sufferers."—M. W. Howard.

Congressman Howard's home address is Fort Payne, Ala.

MOST people think that catarrh is a disease confined to the head and nose. Nothing is further from the truth. It may be that the nose and throat is the most often affected by catarrh, but it is so only because these parts are more exposed to the vicissitudes of the climate than the other parts of the body. Every organ, every duct, every cavity of the human body is liable to catarrh. A multitude of ailments depend on catarrh. This is true winter and summer. Catarrh causes many cases of chronic disease, where the victim has not the slightest suspicion that catarrh has anything to do with it.

The following letter which gives the experience of Mr. A. C. Lockhart is a case in point:

Mr. A. C. Lockhart, West Henrietta, N. Y., Box 58, in a letter written to Dr. Hartman, says the following of Peruna:

"About fifteen years ago I commenced to be ailing, and consulted a physician. He pronounced my trouble a species of dyspepsia, and advised me, after he had treated me about six months, to get a leave of absence from my business and go into the country. I did so and got temporary relief. I went back to work again, but was taken with very distressing pains in my stomach. I seldom had a passage of the bowels naturally. I consulted another physician

with no better results. The disease kept growing on me, until I had exhausted the ability of sixteen of Rochester's best physicians. The last physician advised me to give up my work and go South, after he had treated me for one year.

I was given a thorough examination with the X-ray. They could not even determine what my trouble was. Some of your testimonials in the Rochester papers seemed to me worthy of consideration, and I made up my mind to try a bottle of Peruna.

Before the bottle was half gone I noticed a change for the better. I am now on the fifth bottle, and have not an ache or pain anywhere. My bowels move regularly every day, and I have taken on eighteen pounds of flesh. I have recommended Peruna to a great many, and they recommend it very highly. I have told several people that if they would take a bottle of Peruna, and could then candidly say that it had not benefited them, I would pay for the medicine."—A. C. Lockhart.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.



Mr. W. P. Peterson, of Morris, Ill., says:

"I was nearly dead with catarrhal dyspepsia and an aching back. The fact, that I have been free for twenty years or more."

"Since I got cured by your Peruna I have been consulted by a great many people."

"—W. P. Peterson."

"I would pay for the medicine."—A. C. Lockhart.

"If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis."

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

WASHINGTON STORIES.

Although it is an office which has a salary of \$5000 a year attached to it, no one has yet been "mentioned" for the position of secretary to the President. This lack of mention simply shows that the unfortunate men who consider themselves fitted for the responsible duties of the office, know that there is no thought on the part of the President of displacing George B. Courcy, the incumbent. There has never been a better secretary to the President than he, although he must stand comparison with such men as John Hay, Dan S. Lamont and E. J. Hallford, all acknowledged to have been excellent secretaries. His resignation is one of the things that was a foregone conclusion the night of election.

And you sit down yourself.

"Oh, yes," returned the child gravely, "but then, I'm people."

"This reply nearly bowled the President over, and he said Mrs. McKinley smiled broadly. Then Mrs. McKinley took out her watch, which contains a portrait of the President. She held it out and said coaxingly:

"Leonora, you cannot tell me of whom this is a picture?"

"Leonora drew near and scanned the open watch. A bright look swept over her face.

"Oh, yes, I know who it is!"

"Well, who is it, Leonora?"

"It's Dewey."

"This was altogether too much for the President. He went off into a fit of laughter, long and loud."

The wife of a well-known and very popular member of the House of Representatives was telling a story on him today, which was much appreciated.

The gentleman came in rather late last night after a convivial time. He was tired and sleepy, and scarcely struck the bed before he was in a profound slumber.

Toward morning the good wife became alarmed by unusual noises, and immediately visions of plunder and violence flashed through her imagination. She shook her spouse with vigor and cried: "Get up, wake up, wake up. He gave an extra snort and snore and turned over. She shook him again, screaming: "Jim, you must get up; there are thieves in the house."

Arousing himself for a moment, he said: "Oh, no, my dear, there are no thieves in the House; they are all in the Senate."

—Baltimore Sun.

Moses Clapp, the new senator from Minnesota, talks loud and afforded much amusement to passengers on a capital-bound car the other morning. Senator Fairbanks, the soft-voiced Hoosier who hopes "something will be done" in his immediate neighborhood when the Republican candidate for President is nominated in 1904, was cooling to the new man.

"You're an Indiana man," he said to Clapp, "and you ought to remember the old-fashioned remedy they gave you for grippe, down on the Wabash. It was whiskey and quinine, and it was good, too."

"Yes, I remember it," answered Clapp, with a scowl. "But I've got a strong objection to it. It spoils the whiskey and doesn't do the quinine any good."

Then Fairbanks laughed heartily, as all candidates for the presidential nomination ought to do, no matter how aged and infirm the jokes may be.

"Dear Mr. Joy," wrote a woman who claimed to live in the district of that happily named representative. "I am very much in need of a piano, and I thought I would write you and ask you if you would be so kind as to send me one at once. My father and brothers have always voted for you and are your friends. Please send me one. I can go on with my music. P. S.—I should like an upright, for our parlor is not very large."

Joy looked at the address given by the writer and discovered that the street was not in his district. So he dictated this letter: "My Dear Madam: Nothing would give me greater pleasure than to comply with your modest request and send you a piano, but I am sorry to say you do not live in my district, and I must send all the pianos I have to spare to my own constituents."

"However, you do live in Representative Bartholdi's district, and if you will write to him I am sure he will send you a fine piano by the next train. One Bartholdi has a large stock of pianos on hand and I would advise you to ask for an expensive one. Take nothing less than rosewood and the best make."

"I think," said Mr. Joy, as he signed the letter, "that will hold Bartholdi for a while."

The Congressman's wife continues her excellent stories in The Saturday Evening Post. Among others she tells the following:

"Well, you should have seen the president at play a few weeks ago. It was a very pretty sight. Little Leonora, a child of five or six, came one day to the White house to see Mrs. McKinley. Mrs. McKinley is very fond of children and she asked Leonora to call her. Well, Leonora arrived all starved and filled with her best and primest little manners to the fore. Her old black mammy nurse was with her, and it was evident that Leonora had been instructed to be very polite, and not to sit down in the presence of the president, and, above all, to answer all questions promptly. Both the President and Mrs. McKinley received the child. They did all they could to make her feel at home, but Leonora was evidently a good deal awed. At last Mrs. McKinley, after the years of the old black mammy, pressed her to sit down, and the child too, but Leonora said admonishingly to her nurse in an undertone, and holding herself bolt upright:

"No mammy's servants must not sit."

"—W. L. Peterson, said Mrs. McKinley, much amused, 'mammy's an old woman."

Senator Depew was riding homeward in a street car the other day, says the Washington Post. At the Baltimore & Ohio depot two ladies boarded the car. One was evidently a stranger—she had a new dress-suit case—and the other was a resident. At least she posed as a resident, and an elderly inhabitant at that, for in a very loud tone of voice she named the various public buildings. She was not quite sure whether or not the city hall was the white house, or whether the pension building was the treasury department, but when the car reached Lafayette square she was apparently quite at home. She knew the Arlington hotel by sight, and recognized the white house across the park. A moment later the car was opposite Senator Depew's home, and it stopped for the senator to alight.

"That large building," said the voluble lady to her companion, pointing to Depew's house, "is the government fish hatchery."

Senator Depew caught the words as he passed out the platform of the car, and for a minute stood on the corner laughing. Then his face became serious. He started as if to run after the car, but it was now almost out of sight.

"By George," he said, "I have just thought of something I ought to have told that lady."

But what the clever retort should have been no one will ever know, for, still laughing softly to himself, Senator Depew disappeared under the portals of his home.

YOU'RE WEAK Instead of Strong!

Make Yourself a New Man!

DR. GREENE'S

NERVURA

BLOOD AND NERVE REMEDY.

Will Give You the Strength and Vigor of Perfect Manhood. Renews, Vitalizes and Invigorates Weak Men.

Old before his time! A broken-down, miserable wreck—weak, nervous, discouraged!

The world to him seems a place of mist, peopled with ghostly beings, whose fitting and fro about their daily tasks serves but to irritate him. He sneers at healthy amusements, and finds no comfort or pleasure in life.

He is sick and he does not know it. He drags about, and therefore thinks he is well. He is despondent and peevish, and weak, and he does not know that there are merely signals—some from the stomach crying for aid—others from the nerves beseeching strength—still others from the great life-current, the blood—meaning that it is so impeded and clogged with impurities that it cannot move.

He, and all others like him, will find immediate relief in Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. This is just what it was intended for. It never fails to make weak men strong and vigorous, puts new life, vim, strength, power and energy into them.

Dr. Greene's Nervura is New Life, Hope and Strength for Weak Men.

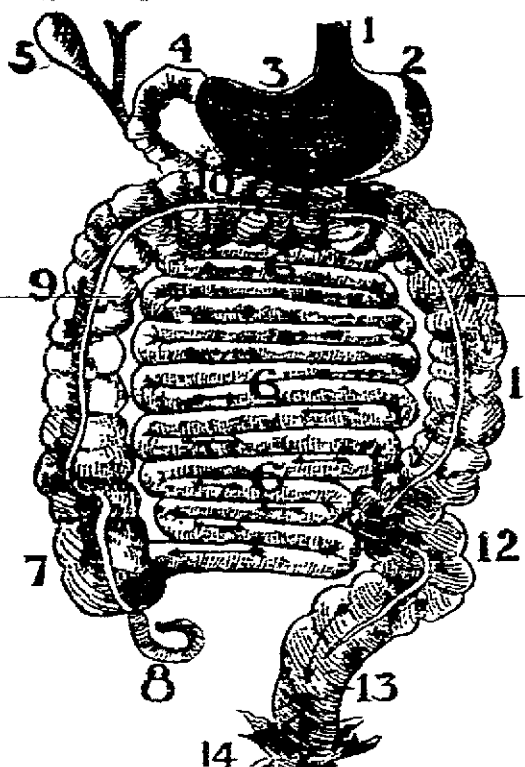
Mr. John D. Smith, electrician for the Thompson-Houston Electric Co., of Lynn, Mass., says:—"When a man has been sick and is cured, it is his duty to tell others about it, that they, too, may get well."

Three years ago I had been working almost night and day, could not (at regularly) get only a few hours sleep at night. No man can stand that long, and I soon began to be prostrated. I could not sleep when I tried, and my food would not stay on my stomach. I was in a terrible condition, and was much alarmed. I went to doctors, but they did me no good. Learning of the wonderful good done by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I determined to try it. It cured me completely of all my complaints. I eat heartily and sleep well, thanks to this splendid remedy. I believe it to be the best remedy in existence."

Dr. Greene's Nervura is the One Great Restorative Which Cures.

Dr. GREENE, 85 West 14th St., New York City, is the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He has remedies for all forms of disease, and offers to give free consultation and advice, personally or by letter. You can tell or write your troubles to Dr. Greene, for all communications are confidential, and letters are answered in plain sealed envelopes.

30 FEET OF BOWELS



are packed away in your insides and must be kept clean, in order and doing business.

It's a long way, with many turns and pitfalls to catch the refuse and clog the channel if not most carefully cleaned out every day.

When this long canal is blocked, look out for trouble—furred tongue, bad breath, belching of gases, yellow spots, pimples and boils, headaches, spitting up of food after eating—an all-around disgusting nuisance.

Violent calomel purges or griping salts are dangerous to use for cleaning out the bowels. They force out the obstruction by causing violent spasms of the bowels, but they leave the intestines weak and even less able to keep up regular movements than before, and make a larger dose necessary next time.

Then you have the pill habit, which kills more people than the morphine and whiskey habits combined.

The only safe, gentle but certain bowel cleansers are sweet, fragrant CASCARETS, because they don't force out the fecal matter with violence, but act as a tonic on the whole 30 feet of bowel wall, strengthen the muscles and restore healthy, natural action. Buy and try them! (Look out for imitations and substitutes or you can't get results. Cascarets are never sold in bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the long-tailed "C" on the box.) You will find that in an entirely natural way your bowels will be promptly and permanently

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Made CLEAN and STRONG by

Cascarets

LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today. Under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any other medicine in the world. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

—To copy nature seems to work well. The Holland submarine boats are built in the shape of a whale.

—For the last ten years there has been an increase of 2000 annually in the number of Great Britain's insane.

—A physician says tight shoes are a short cut to poor health, because persons wearing them dread exercise.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 & \$3.50 SHOES

UNION MADE.

The real worth of W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$1.00 to \$5.00.

Our \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price. We make and sell more \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than any other shoe manufacturers in the United States.

THE REASON WHY WE ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them. We give one dollar extra sale in each town.

Take no substitutes. Look for W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to us, enclosing price and name, city or country.

State kind of leather, size, and width plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Write for catalogue showing our styles.

We use Fine Color Erylets in all our shoes. W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.



WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

"New Rival," "Leader," and "Repeater"

Insist upon having them, take no others and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

GREEN RAPE 25 CENTS per TON

Grainest, Cheapest Food on Earth for Sheep, Swine, Cattle, Poultry, etc.

Will be worth \$100 to you to read what Green Rape says about rape.

Billions of Dollars Gross will positively make you rich. It is the only way to get rich in the world.

Take no substitutes. Look for Green Rape with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to us, enclosing price and name, city or country.

State kind of leather, size, and width plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Write for catalogue showing our styles.

We use Fine Color Erylets in all our shoes. W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

GREGORY SEEDS Forty years of fair dealing.

New catalogue free. J. A. Gregory & Son, Zurich, Ind., Mass.

M. N. U. No. 8, 1901

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS. Latest Patented Improved Legs. Braces for All Deformities—Catalogue Free.

The Doerflinger Artificial Limb Co., Milwaukee.

DO YOU COUGH

DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM

THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma.

A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

25 CENTS

RISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Takes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

25 CENTS

CONSUMPTION

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25 CENTS

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMS & SUTOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

A Democratic Newspaper published on Saturday of each week, at Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75

Grand Rapids, Wis., Feb. 23, 1901.

To Reclaim Land.

The Wisconsin experimental station has undertaken a project to reclaim twenty acres of land near Stevens Point as an experiment to ascertain whether it will pay. It is the nature of a scientific investigation along the line of fertilization and irrigation. According to local papers a tract along the Plover river has been secured from Mr. Patch of Stevens Point for the purpose of the experiment. At present the old bank of the river is about 250 feet or more from the actual channel. A ten horsepower gasoline engine is to be located at the foot of the old bank and the water led into it from the river by means of sewer pipe. The water will then be pumped up a distance of twenty-five feet and distributed over the land in trenches.

The state pays for the sewer pipe and the engine, and Mr. Patch must do the work. After the experiments, however, the whole property becomes his. He is also required to furnish 100 loads of good stable manure and also to plant the crops and lay his irrigation trenches under the direction of the experimental department, of which Prof. F. H. King is at the head. An appropriation of \$250 for each of two years has been made for this investigation. During the summer, when the irrigation is in process several gentlemen from the University are expected to spend considerable time noting the results.

This will be among the first experiments tried in irrigating sand lands in a humid, that is, a reasonably moist climate, and the results will be watched with interest. If this experiment proves a success, there is no reason why a large amount of land similarly situated may not be made productive and valuable. So far in this fertile northwest have not been obliged to resort to artificial means to any great extent, to make land productive. In fact we have millions of acres of highly productive land that needs no fertilization that is not yet utilized, but there will come a time when the waste places may become valuable and in demand. This experiment is looking forward to that time. The extent to which fertilization is carried in other localities is marvelous. For instance, the orange and pineapple crop of Florida depends entirely upon artificial fertilization. The bare land, mostly sand, will raise nothing, not even grass. But it contains the elements which, properly fertilized, will raise great fruit crops. In fact, fertilization is one of the great necessities for all crops through the south. If it will pay to resort to these methods there, it is reasonable to infer that like methods in the north may reclaim much valuable land that possesses some elements necessary for good crops but which must be supplied with other elements by artificial means—Central Wisconsin.

Philippine Notes.

The average soldier who has seen service in the Philippines has a mighty poor opinion of Uncle Sam's new possessions. One of the boys who has been there tells what he thinks of them in the Chicago Record as follows: "The Philippines are a bunch of trouble on the horizon of civilization. They are bounded on the west by hoodlums and smugglers, on the north by rocks and typhoons and monsoons, on the south by the cannibals and the earthquakes. "The climate is a deceptive combination of changes, well adapted to raising Cain. The soil is fertile, and large crops of insurrection and treachery are produced. The inhabitants are industrious, their chief occupation being trench-digging and the making of holes. There houses are made chiefly of bamboo and a landscape. "The Philippine baggage services are impressive especially a clause where in the wife is given the privilege of working as much as her husband desires. The chief amusements are cock-fighting and stealing. The principal diets are fried rice, boiled rice, stewed rice, and rice. The beast of burden is the carabao, and should a journey of 100 miles be attempted with this animal, the driver would die of old age before he reached his destination. "The rivers are serpentine in their courses, have many currents, all of which are in opposition to the well-known laws of gravitation. Malaria fever is so that on many occasions the islands have been shaken as if by a chili—or because of the vibration of the population. The Filipino gamblers by backing his own chili against his neighbor. "The Philippines are a good present for an enemy. The natives are friendly at the point of your gun, and the climate is pleasant and healthful for mosquitoes, ants, lizards, bats, snakes, tarantulas, scorpions, centipedes, and alligators. The soil is finely adapted for raising foul aromas and breeding diseases. "Several of our exchanges are advocating the question of farmers erecting signs in front of their homes, giving the names of the owner or tenant, the name of the farm, if one there be, and stating any specialty the farmer may deal in. For instance: "Meadow Farm, John Smith, proprietor, Gilt Edge Butter for sale." It is a matter of regret that in this section of country a stranger may ride for miles, cross rivers and streams, and never mistrust where he is. What an improvement if every man's name was painted on a neat sign at his gate; if at every bridge of any importance the name of the stream was neatly printed in full view? This would not only be of incalculable value in a business way, but would be of great satisfaction.

tion. In driving over the country hereabouts one frequently passes farm houses that are exceptionally attractive, and he naturally asks the question, "Who lives here?" It is hoped that our farmer readers will act out this suggestion at once.

—For fine dental work, go to Dr. D. A. Teifer, office over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids. Will be out of town every Monday and Tuesday.

The New Northern Wisconsin.

Not so many years ago Northern Wisconsin was only known as a vast lumber camp. In this region the choppers and sawyers of the day rapidly turned the tall pine into building material. Then came the development of the mining industry and as time sped on manufacturers and farmers turned their eyes to the New North. They saw many opportunities for getting rich with the aid of the fine soil, the varieties of trees, iron ore, clay, kaolin and earth and now the busy hum of machinery in the shop and the work of the reaper on the farm plainly indicates prosperity. Although this country is rapidly settling, there are still plenty of opportunities, as land is cheap and can be purchased on easy terms. Transportation facilities are of the very best for

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY. as its name indicates, runs through the very center of the state, thus offering unexcelled facilities for the markets of the world. Interesting booklets and maps can be obtained by addressing: W. H. KILLEN, Land and Industrial Commissioner, BURTON JOHNSON, Gen. Freight Agt., or JAS. C. POND, Gen. Pass. Agent, Colby and Abbot building, Milwaukee, Wis.

Report of the Condition of The First National Bank at Grand Rapids, in the State of Wisconsin at the close of business, Feb. 23, 1901.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$275,180.79
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	11,322.27
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	15,000.00
Stocks, securities, etc.	4,618.72
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	1,236.83
Due from State Banks and Bankers	1,249.17
Due from approved reserve agents	4,965.20
Checks and other cash items	3,883.92
Notes of other National Banks	1,579.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	95.89
Legal Money Reserve in Bank, viz: Specie	\$10,139.00
Legal-tender notes	19,319.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasury (5 per cent. circulation)	70.00
Total	\$386,124.89
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes	2,323.73
National Bank notes outstanding	15,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	149,114.82
Demand certificates of deposit	141,686.34
Total	\$386,124.89

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss.
County of Wood,
I, E. T. Harmon, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. T. HARMON, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22nd day of Feb., 1901.
A. G. MILLER,
Notary Public, Wood County, Wis.
Correct—Attest:
J. D. WITTEB, }
CHAS. E. BREKE, } Directors.
W. D. SCOTT.

Notice of Plan of Sewerage for City of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.

Notice is hereby given that a plan for sewerage has been prepared and is now open for inspection at the office of the city clerk for district No. one, two, three, four, six and part of seven of said districts are bounded as follows, to wit:
District No. 1, bounded as follows:
On the south by Washington avenue and a line being the continuation of the line of Washington avenue west to the Wisconsin river, on the east by the east line of the city, on the north by the north line of Government lot No. one (1), section No. nine (9), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 2, bounded as follows:
On the south by Oak street and a line being the continuation of the line of Oak street easterly to the east line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the north by Washington avenue and a line being the continuation of the line of Washington avenue west to the Wisconsin river, on the west by a line described as follows, to wit: Commencing at the intersection of the east line of government lot No. two (2), section No. seventeen (17), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, (6) east with the center line of Oak street running thence north on the east line of said government lot No. two (2) to the Wisconsin river, thence westerly along the Wisconsin river to the section line between sections No. eight (8) and seventeen (17), in township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, District No. 3, bounded as follows:
On the south by the south line of the city, on the east by a line described as follows, to wit: Commencing at the intersection of the west line of second avenue with the south line of the city, running thence north on the west line of the city to the southwest corner of block No. sixty (60) of subdivision of the north-east quarter of the southwest quarter of section No. sixteen (16), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 4, bounded as follows:
On the north by Oak street and a line being the continuation of the line of Oak street easterly to the city limits, on the east by the east line of the city, on the south by the south line of the city, on the west by a line described as follows, to wit: Commencing at the intersection of the east line of second avenue with the south line of the city, thence north on the east line of the city to the southwest corner of block No. seven (7) of subdivision of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section No. sixteen (16), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 5, bounded as follows:
On the north by Oak street and a line being the continuation of the line of Oak street easterly to the city limits, on the east by the east line of the city, on the south by the south line of the city, on the west by a line described as follows, to wit: Commencing at the intersection of the east line of second avenue with the south line of the city, thence north on the east line of the city to the southwest corner of block No. seven (7) of subdivision of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section No. sixteen (16), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 6, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. eleven (11), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. thirteen (13), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 7, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 8, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 9, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 10, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 11, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 12, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 13, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 14, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 15, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 16, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 17, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 18, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 19, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 20, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 21, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 22, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 23, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 24, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 25, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 26, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 27, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 28, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 29, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 30, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 31, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 32, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 33, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 34, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 35, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 36, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 37, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 38, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 39, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 40, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 41, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 42, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 43, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 44, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 45, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 46, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 47, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 48, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 49, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 50, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 51, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 52, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 53, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 54, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 55, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 56, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 57, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 58, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 59, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 60, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 61, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 62, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 63, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 64, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 65, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 66, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 67, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 68, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 69, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 70, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 71, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 72, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 73, bounded as follows:
On the north by the east and west quarter line through section No. twelve (12), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east and section No. seven (7), township No. twenty-two (22) north, range No. six (6) east, on the west by the west line of the city, on the north by the north line of the city, on the east by the east line of the city, on the northwesterly side by the Wisconsin river, District No. 7

PERSONAL MENTION.

A. C. Otto of Vesper was in town on Thursday.

Ben Hansen made a trip to Tomahawk on Sunday.

John White of Pittsfield was in the city on Wednesday.

Oscar Hathaway was in Milwaukee during the past week.

Geo. Smallbrook has been on the sick list the past week.

T. E. Nash made a business trip to Tomahawk on Tuesday.

A. H. Dustin is visiting relatives and friends in Dexterville.

Dr. J. C. Conniff visited with relatives at Mosinee over Sunday.

Miss Aurelia Bandelin is visiting friends at Wausau this week.

Mrs. George Huntington has been quite sick during the past week.

Court Reporter Morse returned on Wednesday from Stevens Point.

Mrs. Chris Chose is able to be about again after several weeks' illness.

H. F. Estabrook of Dexterville was in the city a short time on Sunday.

Mrs. D. D. Conway has been sick with the grip during the past week.

Miss Roene Havenor finished her term of school in Hanson last week.

H. G. Dunn, editor of the Pittsfield Pilot, was in the city Tuesday evening.

Judge J. A. Gaynor made a business trip to Chicago, leaving on Wednesday.

Alderman E. E. Finney of Marshfield transacted business here Tuesday.

Justice T. J. Cooper was laid up on Friday and Saturday of last week with grip.

Charles F. Kellogg has been in Milwaukee during the past week on business.

Mrs. T. J. Evans returned on Wednesday from an extended visit at Ripon.

Miss Mabel McCamley spent Sunday in Nekoosa the guest of Miss Alice Cauley.

G. W. Davis was registered at the St. Charles hotel in Milwaukee on Sunday.

Miss Rene Havenor who is teaching at Pittsfield spent Sunday with her parents.

Attorney Theo. Brazeau was in Stevens Point on legal business on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheridan Jessimer of Biron were city visitors on Friday of last week.

Miss Helen Kromer went to Kilbourn City on Thursday to make a short visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Joan E. Daly and son have all been sick with the grip during the past week.

Miss Bertha Lemke of Tomahawk visited relatives and friends here a few days this week.

Mrs. Mary Miller and Mrs. J. J. O'Riley of Babcock were in the city shopping on Monday.

Miss Nan White of Pittsfield was in the city on Wednesday to attend the Bell-Schallert wedding.

Charles Kernan, who has been sick with the grip for some time past, is able to be about again.

Miss Mattie Armstrong of Marshfield was the guest of Mrs. A. C. Otto between trains on Friday.

C. F. Heiser of Vesper and Herman Smith of Arpin transacted business in the city on Wednesday.

George Corriveau has accepted a position with a wholesale cigar house and is out on the road again.

Miss May Stafford of Merrill has been visiting with the family of Thos. Mullen during the past week.

Miss Mabel White of Vesper has been the guest of the Misses Marceau during a part of the past week.

The Misses Juanita and Norma Pich of Tomah are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Voss for a few days.

Miss Elizabeth Hughes accompanied Mrs. Evans to Eau Claire on Wednesday, expecting to return next week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Karner of Stevens Point spent Sunday in this city visiting with relatives and friends.

Emil Schmitt of Merrill has accepted a position in the clothing department of the Johnson & Hill company's store.

James Powderly of Fort Dodge, Ia., arrived in this city Monday night and will visit with his brother Chris for a time.

Leroy Taft, bookkeeper for the Jackson Milling company, left on Wednesday for Tunnel City for a visit with relatives.

Miss Lettie Dickson left on Saturday for Nasonville to visit her sister Belle. While there she will attend the dance on the 22nd.

Miss Amelia Yandt returned Wednesday evening from Wausau where she has been visiting with friends the past two weeks.

Mrs. W. M. Janish of Minneapolis and Mrs. Hattie Richard of Arbor Vitae are the guests of Mrs. George Preston this week.

Frank Kern of Tomah, manager of the Jackson Milling Company's interests at that point, was in the city on business on Thursday.

Mrs. A. W. Evans left on Thursday for Eau Claire to attend a library meeting. She will also visit Menomonie and Madison before returning.

Mrs. Harvie Williams arrived in the city last week and will remain here while Mr. Williams is engaged in railroad work at or near this city.

Napoleon Smith and family of Rudolph departed on Wednesday evening for Cedar Rapids, Iowa, where they intend to make their future home.

Attorney F. S. Woodworth and sister Lucy and Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Hickins of Pittsfield attended the ball in this city Monday evening.

Harry Forbes returned home from Madison on Thursday to remain until Monday.

E. P. Arpin returned on Thursday from Madison where he had been on business.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Kruger leave today (Saturday) for Chicago to spend a few days.

Mrs. Guy Dutcher of Dodgeville is expected on Monday to visit her sister, Mrs. Sam Church for a time.

Rev. A. Petterson was in Green Bay Saturday, Sunday and Monday, returning home the following day.

Mrs. Frank Simerson of Wilkesboro, Minn., a sister to Officer Gibson, arrived in the city last week for a visit.

A. W. Bryant departed for Marshfield this morning, where he will spend Friday and Saturday doing some expert work.

Stevens Point Gazette: Frank Collier, of Grand Rapids, spent Friday in the city, coming up to purchase a span of horses.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Powell of Stevens Point were in the city a few hours on Thursday. Mr. Powell is the manager of the Wisconsin Telephone Company at that point.

F. J. Deckert and wife of Marshfield were in the city for a short time on Tuesday. They were on their way home from a wedding tour to the southern part of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Cameron, Miss Matilda Bunge, Effie Goggins, and Messrs. Humphrey and Oswald attended the party given by the Eastern Star at Pittsfield on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Muir drove to Pittsfield on Friday and attended the Eastern Star entertainment that night. They also drove to Marsh and visited relatives, returning home on Monday.

Pat Lyons has been in Milwaukee for some time past undergoing treatment for his eyes, which have given him a great deal of trouble of late. His many friends hope that he may find relief.

Among those who went to Nekoosa on Thursday to attend the funeral of little Dorothy Boyles were Mrs. Charles Kellogg, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Rossier, Mr. and Mrs. W. Kellogg, Miss Jessie Stalzer, Carolyn Briere and Laura McCarthy.

Mrs. C. Edmonde LaVigne who has been visiting her father in this city expects to join her husband in Washington next week, leaving for that city on Thursday. Mrs. LaVigne has extended her visit in order to be present at the marriage of her sister.

Mrs. Arthur Ramsey arrived in the city on Tuesday, having been south visiting friends for several weeks. The lady was taken quite ill on Wednesday but has since recovered somewhat. She is at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Hoskinson.

High School Notes.

As today was Washington's birthday the Forum met yesterday so there would be no need of heating the school building extra for that purpose. The following program was carried out:

Roll Call.....Response, Quotation, Music.....Glee Club Recitation.....Will Taffer Music, piano solo.....Roy Nash Recitation.....Ida Halvorsen 1 lantern Views.....Mamie Doham Music, piano solo.....Glee Club

For the first time since the Forum began the school house was well lighted and we now have ten electric lights which light the building perfectly. The slides used last evening in the electric lantern were loaned to the Forum by F. MacKinnon and the society heartily thanks him for the same. Next Friday a public meeting of the Forum will be given, the principal feature being the views of Chicago accompanied by a short talk on each view.

Four or five of the Senior boys under the direction of A. W. Bryant have placed electric lights in the main room. Last Wednesday night the finishing touches were put on and at promptly eleven o'clock p. m. the test was made. Everything worked splendidly and now this city can boast of one more modern convenience in the shape of electric lights. A switch was placed at the back of the room to connect with the electric stereopticon. Ten lights were put in at a cost of less than eight dollars and Mr. Bryant threw in his time.

The Senior class had a final examination in Psychology last Wednesday morning. A week from next Monday all the members of the class will take up Theory and Art, and a part of their work then will be to visit the grades and take notes on the work and then have a class discussion the next day.

There was no school today as it was Washington's birthday. The flags floated peacefully over the school building. On Thursday afternoon appropriate exercises were held in all the rooms.

Next week closes the fourth semester and begins the spring term. This means just three months more school for this year. School closes the last day of May.

The Freshman class took their final examination in Physical Geography last Monday, and will take Physiology in its place.

Miss Mamie Sylvester has again resumed her school duties after an absence of two weeks on account of sickness.

Thos. Brazeau and Leslie Evertz of Rice Lake spent Thursday morning in the high room.

Mrs. A. M. Muir visited school on Thursday.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

John E. Daly, Johnson & Hill Co.

F. Pomainville, M. D. Office in rear of Steib's drug store. Telephone at office, No. 35; residence, Centralia, No. 248.

LOCAL ITEMS.

F. E. Kellner has opened an office over the Bank of Grand Rapids.

Joseph Mouian last week purchased a house and lot in block 5 on the west side.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Nickleson on Wednesday.

The home of Peter Christman was gladdened by the arrival of baby boy on Monday, the 18th inst.

Some of the schools in Wausau county have been closed on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever.

On Saturday, February 23, there will be 15-cent oyster stew furnished at the 20th Century place. Don't miss them.

The "last before lent" dance on Monday evening was well attended and a very pleasant evening was spent.

Walter Smith scalded his right arm quite badly with steam on Thursday while working about his wood sawing machine.

Mrs. Horace Barrett entertained a number of friends at her home on the west side Monday evening and all reported a pleasant time.

On Saturday the appraisers will be appointed by the court to appraise the land condemned by the Northwestern road for their right of way.

Edwin Rector and Mrs. Ella Currier of the town of Vesper, were married on Wednesday in this city. Justice Jasper Crotteau officiating.

A camp of the Modern Woodmen of America was organized at Rudolph during the past week and the lodge started out with 18 charter members.

The Woodmen of the World entertained a party at cinch at their hall Monday night. About forty couples were present and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

The officials of the Northwestern road have purchased three pieces of property between this city and Nekoosa, the options having expired on these particular tracts.

The subject for discourse at the M. E. church on Sunday morning will be "David's Helpers." In the evening, "One Thing in which all Grand Rapids-ites are Alike." All are invited.

Bridges rivers tunnels mountains, builds cities, gathers up the scattered rays of one's ability. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35c., at Johnson & Hill Co.

Potatoes have taken several severe drops during the past two weeks and at the present time very few are being brought in. There seems to be a plenty of the tubers in all markets and there is not much prospect of a rise. The price is now 23 cents.

W. B. Naylor of Tomah has been in the city during the past week, being interested in some land that the Northwestern company has started condemnation proceedings against. Mr. Naylor was one of the first settlers in this section, but left here 27 years ago.

The management of the 20th Century place wish to publicly express their thanks to the church societies who so kindly assisted in the work on the opening night. These were from the Catholic, Episcopal, Methodist, Congregational and German Moravian.

Roosters often crow over eggs they did not lay. Same with people who sell an imitation Rocky Mountain Tea, made famous by the Madison Medicine Co.'s advertising. 35c., at Johnson & Hill Co.

The "measuring party" given on Tuesday evening at the residence of Mrs. H. Rubin was a great success, and a large number were in attendance. Dr. Waters drew a prize for being the tallest man present. Everybody reports a lovely time.

Mrs. Gusta Tillie Miller, wife of Paul Miller, died on Wednesday, Feb. 20th of consumption. The deceased was 20 years old and leaves a husband and three children. The family resided on the west side on the Seneca road.

Reports come from all along the line of the great success of Mr. Frank Keenan in Sol Smith Russell's famous play, "A Poor Relation." Mr. Keenan, with a strong company and the entire original production of Mr. Russell's play, will be seen at the Grand opera house on March 6th, 1901.

The music at the Congregational church Sunday evening was some of the best that has been heard in this city for years, and the choir is certainly entitled to a great deal of credit for the effort they make to give the people something out of the ordinary. It is their intention to prepare programs of equal interest in the future.

Take Rocky Mountain Tea. See it exterminate poison. Feel it revitalize your blood and nerves, and bring back that happy, joyous feeling of boyhood days. 35c., at Johnson & Hill Co.

F. H. Norton left on Wednesday for the southern part of the country with a sleigh load of his automatic oil cans. Mr. Norton will be at his place of business on Saturday and on that day will have an oil can sale and anyone wanting an automatic oil can may secure it for the nominal sum of 75 cents.

About 145 signers have been secured to the gymnasium project and the indications are that enough can be gotten to carry the matter through. That the project is a worthy one and one that ought to be carried through there is no doubt in anyone's mind, and it is to be hoped that sufficient interest will be manifested to make it a success.

A humble boy with a shining pall, went gaily singing down the dale, to where a cow with a brindle tail, on the clover pasture did regale. A humble boy did gaily sail, over the soft and shady vale, to where the boy with the shining pall was milking the cow with the brindle tail. The bee lit down on the cow's left ear, her heels flew up through the atmosphere, and through the leaves of a chestnut tree, the boy soared into eternity.—Darlington Republican.

Wm. H. Sullivan who is well known in this city died at his home near Hancock on February 5th.

A marriage license was this week issued to Jas. H. Hurd and Mattie Marshall, of town of Wood.

The amount of J. D. Witter's claim amounting to \$140 which was due him by the settlement of the fair grounds matter has been donated to the city by that gentleman.

The subject for discourse at the Congregational church Sunday morning will be "The Impartial Goodness of God." Evening, musical program.

Marshfield News: Michael Hesser, of Nekoosa who is interested with Ex-County Treasurer M. G. Fleckenstein in the establishment of a tissue mill here, moved his family here this week and has taken a residence on Chestnut street.

The ladies of the Catholic Aid society enjoyed a sleighride down to Mrs. Joe Hesser's at the south side last Wednesday afternoon, where they held one of their regular meetings. There were thirty-one ladies present, twenty-six of them going down in the roundabout.

W. K. Cook, the Northwestern Railroad man, arrived in the city again Friday morning. Mr. Cook has been down in Illinois for some days past and he states that right-of-way don't cost as much down there where land is worth \$100 an acre as it does up in this part of the country.

A young man recently got even with a girl who had jilted him. He sent her a request to go driving, and when she had joyfully accepted and rigged herself out in her best clothes, he sent her a hammer and a lot of nails with the information that she could drive all she pleased.—Ex.

Misses Larkin, McGrath, Scanlon, Whitcomb and Rich entertained the teachers at the home Mrs. Emma Brundage on Thursday evening. About thirty were present, and a very enjoyable evening was spent in playing different games and conversation. Light refreshments were served.

Assemblyman Cook in a bill introduced by Mr. Miller asks that the state reimburse him to the amount of \$1750 for his expenses in the Cook-Vandercook contest. Mr. Vandercook has had a similar bill introduced by Mr. Cady asking for \$2250. Mr. Vandercook has been appointed timber inspector at a salary of \$5 a day.

G. I. Strang of Marshfield and L. E. Colvin of Pittsfield, poor commissioners, were in the city today to discuss the case of Mrs. Lena Rosser who is confined in the Wausau insane asylum. She has been a charge on this county but as her home is in Switzerland it is proposed to send her back there. The matter has not as yet been decided.

John Schnabel and P. L. Utley returned on Sunday from their trip to DeKalb, Ill., where they had been to investigate an electrically operated pumping station like the Electric and Water Company propose putting in here this summer. They were favorably impressed with what they saw and feel confident that a plant of the same kind can be operated here to advantage.

H. Wiperman has purchased the piece of property on the corner of Center and Front streets, now occupied by the 20th Century place, paying \$2,000 therefor. Mr. Wiperman expects to erect a business block thereon in the near future, which when completed will make not only a great improvement in the appearance of the east side but also prove a most excellent location.

The minstrel show Tuesday night was not as largely attended as the boys had hoped it would be. The lack of interest was no doubt due to the large number of entertainments that have been crowded in just before the beginning of lent. There were some changes in the company. Otto Roening, acting as interlocutor, Chas. Podawiltz as end man in place of Geo. Corriveau who was out of town and Curtis Crotteau in the place of Charles Podawiltz.

Now the Darlington Republican-Journal gives it as its opinion that "The kickers on the farm are not as hard to get along with as the kickers in the towns. On the farm there are the kicking cows and our long-eared friend, the mule, while in town there is the old moss back who wants all the privileges of municipal living without paying for them, and blocks so far as he can, every municipal improvement. The cow may be sold for beef and the mule traded for a shot gun, but nothing but a funeral will get rid of the town kicker."

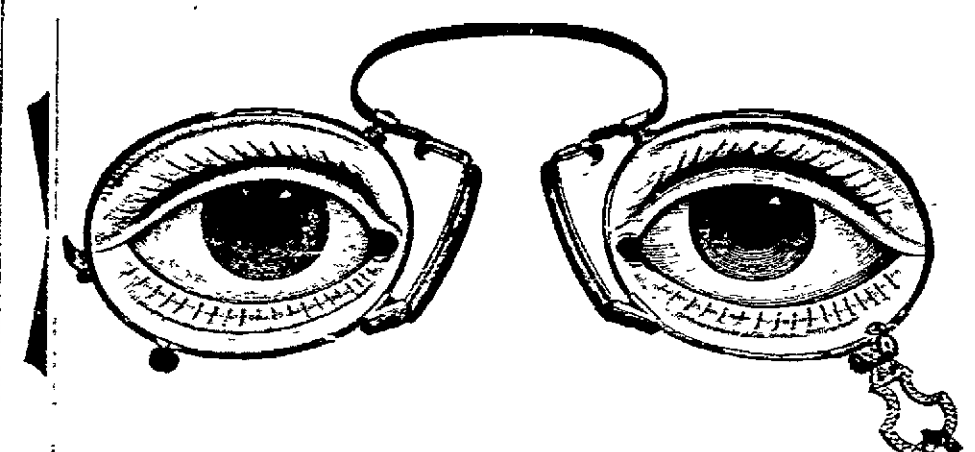
The young people of South Centralia took a roundabout ride last Sunday evening. They drove up to this city and then to Port Edwards. Those present were Misses Dor. Crotteau, Miss Emma, Delia and Ida Binneboese, Miss Nellie Payne, Miss Alice Coddling, Miss Joel Harley, Mrs. J. Bell, Messrs. Roland Payne, Lee and Scott Payne, Wm. Darring, John Jalbot, Robert Harper, Gust. Neimen and little Roy Payne. They passed the time in singing and John Jalbot furnished music on the mouth organ and flute.

The 20th Century Place No. 2 was opened on Friday evening and a goodly number of our citizens responded to the invitation to examine the new quarters and assist in helping the good cause along. The sapper was served by representatives of the different church societies in the city and everybody seemed to be pleased with the manner in which they were handled. The rooms have been painted, papered and otherwise fixed in a good shape as it is possible to put them for public use and considering the handy situation of the place there is no doubt but it will become a very popular resort in time. Many of the people in neighboring cities are watching the outcome of the matter that they may start similar places should it prove a success.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for cuts, corns, burns, boils, sores, felons, ulcers, tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, skin eruptions; infallible for piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents at Johnson & Hill Co.'s and John E. Daly's drug stores.

Defects in Eyesight



Can be corrected by having your eyes fitted accurately to a pair of glasses by J. R. CHAPMAN. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

USE

VICTORIA

OR

SUNBEAM

FLOUR

None Excel And Few Equal.

ALL GROCERS HANDLE THEM.

No Scab or Crust Forms Where

Greene's Liniment

is used. It heals, removes proud flesh and matter, and dries up sores without forming a hard skin, crust or scab. Invaluable for sprains, cuts, bruises, sores, open wounds, inflammation or swellings, on

MAN OR BEAST.

Greene's Liniment is an antiseptic dressing of great value as well as the best liniment you ever saw.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, CITY OF CHICAGO.

Adam S. Barber, Supt. of Police & Construction, January 2nd, 1901.

MESSRS. J. W. GREENE & CO., 56 Steinway Hall, Chicago.

Gentlemen:—I have used several dozen bottles of your preparation and find it all you recommend as a general liniment. It is the best I have used on wounds of all kinds and bad sprains. Any one owning horses should not be without this preparation as I consider it one of the best liniments on the market. Respectfully, ADAM S. BARBER, Supt. of Police.

Prepared only by J. W. GREENE & CO., Laboratory 505 Steinway Hall, Chicago, Ill.

Sold under a positive guarantee that money will be refunded if the Liniment fails in doing what is claimed for it by

N. J. BOUCHER, WEST GRAND RAPIDS.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. "Leader" and "Repeater" loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. One of the best and the purest ever gotten is

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address: Peal, Medicines Co., Cleveland, O.

FOR SALE AT JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY.

KAURIN'S STUDIO

Will hereafter be

OPEN SUNDAYS

And you can at all times find the proprietor for the latest in the line of photographic enlargements, mounted photographs, Photo Albums, Cards, Manifold, etc., in every conceivable size and shape.

O. KAURIN,
The West Side Photographer.

Conway, Williams & Conway.
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

LAW, LOANS AND COLLECTIONS.

We have \$20,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest.

THE JEWELLED TALISMAN

PURITAN AND CAVALIER

BY MRS. CAROLINE ORNE

CHAPTER VIII.—(Continued.)

"In my opinion, the heinousness of the offense should have been reckoned according to the good or ill looks of her on whose account you incurred the penalty. If she was the blowsy, squint-eyed slut that now performs the duties of housemaid, you richly deserved the punishment."

"So say I, but Hitty Chessman was a trim, tidy little body, as one you'll see in a thousand, with saucy black eyes, cheeks like a red rose and lips like ripe cherries."

"'Twas a pardonable offense, then, to say the least of it. I'll be bound to say that the old Roundhead's mouth watered for that rosy kiss, the same as I've seen a great lubberly boy, as he stood watching his harvard brother while eating the tit-bits of a broiled partridge. Depend upon it, he would have been more lenient if it had not been so."

"I shouldn't wonder."

"As I've said, you'd be a mere milkop to pass it over without notice. Get that paper for me, and you will be richly revenged, and at the same time get a rich hinting to your purse."

"You are willing to give me your word on the honor of a gentleman that it won't injure Ally Dale?"

"Haven't I already told you so? How can it, indeed, when, as soon as she is her own mistress, we are to be married?"

"I thought she was to be married to Clarence Harleigh."

"And others have thought so, too. But I know, and so does she, that, owing to her uncle's opposition to our marriage, it is necessary to throw dust into people's eyes."

"If this is so, you shall have it."

They now rose and walked slowly away, still talking together, though Alice could no longer hear what they said. She could think of only one paper in Mr. Walworth's possession which it appeared to her, that Falkland would be desirous to obtain, and that was the will of her late uncle, Mr. Gilbert Burlington, by which, when she arrived at the age of twenty-one, she would come into possession of the valuable estate to which allusion has already been made.

Falkland was a distant connection of Mr. Burlington, who, after the loss of his only child, a son of great promise, intended to make him his heir, on condition that he should take his surname, as well as that of Gilbert, which, by his desire, had been given him at the font. He even went so far as to make a will to this effect—circumstances, however, which was known only to a few of his confidential friends.

But it was not long before Gilbert's habits of extravagance became known to Mr. Burlington, who, finding that no dependence could be placed on the promises of reformation—which he made from time to time, made another will, which was now in possession of Mr. Walworth, in favor of Alice Dale.

At an earlier period, before Falkland's unworthiness had become known to him, Mr. Burlington had hoped to bring about a match between Alice and his roving kinsman. The favorite project was not entirely given up at the time he made an alteration in the disposition of his property, as was seen by the letter he sent to Mr. Walworth, enclosed with the will made in favor of Alice. "It is my earnest desire," he wrote, "that in case Gilbert Falkland should reform, that a marriage should take place between him and your ward."

This, by some means, became known to Falkland after Mr. Burlington's decease. Being unable to think of any other way by which he could repair the broken fortune inherited from his father, he was induced to exile himself a certain period from those scenes of gaiety in his native land so well suited to his taste, imagining that while his personal attractions would prove irresistible to the little piece of rusticity—to use his own expression—who had deprived him of a fine estate, there would be no difficulty in securing the favor of her guardian by a little assumed gravity, and by falling in with his peculiar and favorite tenets.

But he soon found that he had reckoned without his host. Alice, whom he had pictured to himself as a little awkward rustic, he found possessed charms both of mind and person, which, were there opportunity, would throw the most dazzling of the court beauties into the shade.

Still, had not Clarence Harleigh preceded him in his visit to her guardian, he imagined that his handsome face, with his other advantages, personal and acquired, could not fail to make a favorable impression on a young girl who lived so secluded.

Yet, high as was his self-appreciation, he could not be blind as to see that Harleigh was infinitely his superior, even in those qualities on which he most prided himself, and which recommended themselves to the eye, rather than to the heart or the understanding. As respected these last, he was conscious that the disparity between himself and Harleigh was too great to admit of comparison.

At first, he flattered himself that, seen-sighted enough to distinguish the real from the false—that the difference between Harleigh's virtues and his assumed ones would not be detected. This was a delusion in which he was not permitted long to indulge, though, as has been seen, he by no means abandoned the idea of gaining possession of the property, either with or without the innumbrance of a wife.

The conversation between Falkland and the man with him, in a measure recalled this to Alice, and she at once determined to seek her uncle, and communicate to him the substance of what she had overheard. She had risen in order to execute her purpose, when she heard some one knock at the outer door. In a minute afterward, Mr. Walworth opened it, and admitted Falkland, finding that her uncle did not return to the

room he had recently left, she supposed he had retired to rest, and concluded to defer the communication she wished to make until morning. Her decision would have been different had she known that, long before sunrise, he was going to set out on a journey, from which he did not expect to return for more than a week.

CHAPTER IX.

"Where is Uncle Walworth?" were Alice's first words in the morning, to her Aunt Esther.

"A dozen miles from here, by this time," was the reply.

"I didn't hear him mention that he was going away."

"It was a sudden decision. After Gilbert Falkland returned, he felt so much troubled about Gabriel that he walked over to his house to talk with him. With a good deal of difficulty he succeeded in persuading him to go to his brother's for the purpose of spending a few weeks. David Guthrie is a firm, judicious man, and will, your uncle thinks, be able to control Gabriel without his being aware of it."

"I am very thankful he is gone. I was thinking last night that unless some one went with me, I shouldn't dare to go out of sight of the house."

Alice now mentioned to her aunt what she had overheard while sitting at her chamber window. Search was immediately made for the will, the paper they supposed to be referred to. Mrs. Walworth thought that she could at once lay her hand upon it, where her husband kept such papers. It was not in the place where they expected, but they imagined that Mr. Walworth had taken the precaution to remove it to a small drawer which they found locked, and the key gone. It was decided to remove the desk to Mrs. Walworth's bedroom.

The sun was something like three hours past the meridian, and Alice, with her eyes fixed on a page of a book, was sitting in the shade of the old maple. She did not hear the light footsteps stealing up behind her, and when an arm was suddenly thrown round her neck, she started to her feet.

"Mildred," said Alice, "you did wrong to frighten me so."

"I was far from intending it, but I ought to have considered that you hadn't yet had time to recover from the terrible shock you received yesterday. The grim Gabriel has always realized my idea of an ogre, and I almost begin to think that he is one."

They wandered away slowly in a direction where they could keep in the shade of the trees.

"Harleigh has left us since I was here last," said Mildred.

"Yes," replied Alice, in an absent manner, for Harleigh's name brought to mind what he had said to her respecting Mildred.

Mildred seated herself on the roots of an oak, which were covered with velvet moss, and drew Alice down by her side.

"And this," said she, taking hold of the ribbon encircling Alice's neck, and suddenly drawing the gem attached to it from its hiding place, "is Harleigh's gift."

"I never said that it was."

"There was no need. I knew, though a gem of great price, that it wasn't for its intrinsic value that you treasured it so sacredly. How very beautiful! Allow me to remove it from your neck a single minute, so that I can the better examine it."

Mildred did not wait for the permission to be given, but unclasping, held it so that it caught the flash of a sunbeam which kindled into life its varied and intensely brilliant hues. The next moment, she removed it into the shade, when its vivid colors at once faded into cold, ashen gray.

"Mutable as man's affection," said Mildred. "It makes me sad to look at it. I believe, Alice, were I in your place, I should hesitate to wear it. But I must restore his love token. Even if it be an ill omen, you will persist in wearing it, I suppose."

"I don't see why it should be an ill omen," replied Alice, as she put the ribbon round her neck and clasped it.

Mildred took hold of the clasp for a moment, as if to examine it. When she removed her hand, it was touched together so slightly that the least motion would cause it to fall apart. Mildred rose at the same time that Alice did, and the next moment she had the satisfaction of seeing the gem lying on the ground. Alice passed on, and Mildred, under pretense of gathering some violets, lingered a little behind, which gave her an opportunity to put the opal in her pocket.

"Come, Alice, don't look so grave," said Mildred, at the same time offering her some of her violets. "I am, I own, sometimes a little superstitious, but I should not try to excite a similar feeling in others. Forget what I have said. And yet—"

"And yet what?" said Alice, frowning she hesitated.

"Well, then—but I won't repeat what I've heard: 'tis a vile slander."

"Against Harleigh, I can better bear to hear it, if it be false, than if it were true."

"It is possible that you have heard Harleigh mention the Lady Hester Deighton."

"I have frequently."

"But not that she is ready to bestow her hand on him for the asking?"

"I never did."

"Nor that an earl's coronet will grace his brows if he should ask her hand?"

"How can that be?"

"Simply because it is promised him at Lady Hester's suit. There is no time now to enter into an explanation of the affair. It is enough to know that there can be no doubt of its truth. But when people presume to go further, and say that, for the sake of the coronet, he will not hesitate to marry the lady, I can only say that it like me they had seen the sweet wild-wood flower he is pledged

to, they would not hesitate to pronounce it a vile slander. And yet I don't like his concealing the matter from you."

"He might not know it."

"I am sorry to say that I am certain that he did know it. The letter containing the information, which I received from England yesterday, more than hints that he would not have been in such a hurry to return but for the prospect of an 'arridom.'"

"Did you ever see the Lady Hester?"

"Yes, hundreds of times."

"Is she handsome?"

"Handsome isn't a word expressive enough to apply to a person of Lady Hester's style."

"Are her eyes and hair the color of yours?"

"Both are as black as midnight."

At this moment, for she thought of Harleigh's words when he gave her the opal, Alice involuntarily raised her hand to her neck and found it was not there.

"It is gone, Mildred!" she exclaimed.

"What shall I do?"

"What is done?"

"The opal."

"Well, you needn't look so frightened, and turn so white. We will return the same way we came and search for it."

"The search was, of course, a vain one. Mildred, who, at first made a great show of assisting her, soon grew impatient and left Alice to prosecute it alone. She went over the ground many time, and, at last returned to the house, weary and disheartened. Mildred met her at the door.

"Have you found it?" she inquired.

Alice shook her head. Before she had time to reply they were joined by Gilbert Falkland.

"You have made your appearance quite opportunely," said Mildred. "I was just thinking that my walk home would be rather lonely, but now I shall expect you to accompany me."

"I shall be most happy to be at your service," replied Falkland.

Alice did not, as usual, invite Mildred to come again soon. Her mind was in a state to cause her to feel nearly indifferent as to whether she came or not. It might be in consequence of Harleigh's caution, but, for the first time, she experienced towards her a vague feeling of distrust.

Mildred, accompanied by Falkland, proceeded in silence till they were out of sight of the house. She then stopped and looked cautiously round in every direction.

"Here is something for you," said she, taking the opal from her pocket.

"This is Harleigh's love token you told me about?"

"Yes."

"How did you get it?"

"Oh, I set my wits to work, and now that I have given it into your keeping, you must set yours to work, so that it may serve the double purpose of promoting your interest and mine."

"Don't fear; nothing will be easier. A single glimpse of it in my hands will make Harleigh so rabid with jealousy that he will foam at the mouth."

"I have already succeeded in making Alice jealous of him."

"How?"

"You know that the eccentric Lady Hester Deighton, at one time, took such a fancy to him that she importuned the king to make an earl of him. Well, I mentioned the circumstance to Alice to-day, and represented it in such a way that she supposed he to be young and as beautiful as an angel."

"Why, she is old enough to be his grandmother. She took it in her head to adopt Harleigh to supply the place of a son she had lost—did she not?"

"Yes, and happening one day, in hunting over some musty parchments, to find that in the time of William the Conqueror there was an earl in the family, she wished to have the title revived for Harleigh's benefit."

"But like many of her other whims, it lasted only a few weeks. I've been told. It is an old affair—her partiality to Harleigh. How came you to think of resuscitating it?"

"Why, in a letter which I received yesterday from England, the old lady's name was mentioned, which recalled it to my mind."

"I had letters by the same ship which brought yours, and one of them contains important information which has decided me to return to England the first chance. Look at this."

"Well, I see a roll of parchment."

"A peep at the inside will reveal to you its importance."

"The late Mr. Burlington's will in favor of Alice Dale. How came you by it?"

"I was helped to it—no matter how, nor by whom."

(To be continued.)

Persecuted "Peggy" Eaton.

"The war which President Jackson began against the United States Bank did not test his heroic nerve more than the war which opened in his Cabinet over the question whether 'Peggy' Eaton should be recognized by the women of Washington as a 'Cabinet lady,'" writes William Pettine in the Ladies' Home Journal. "The prominent ladies of the administration generally reached the conclusion that 'Peggy' Eaton should be ostracized. The social rebellion against 'Old Hickory' even broke out in his own household. The one conspicuous public man who did not yield to the feminine crusade was Martin Van Buren, the Secretary of State, who had the advantage of being a widower and who had determined with his suave dexterity to please the iron will of the President in all things. Jackson was delighted with his conduct, but the diplomatic finesse of the 'Little Magician' failed almost as much as the fierce mandates of 'Old Hickory.' The British minister, who was friendly to Mrs. Eaton, was prevailed upon to give a ball and supper, but it was impossible to keep together any cotillon in which she took part, or to direct the conversation at the table toward her. Then the Russian minister, who was also disposed to sympathize with her, gave a similar entertainment. The wife of the minister of Holland was especially exhorted by Van Buren to take a seat at the supper table by the side of Mrs. Eaton. But when, after some embarrassing dissent on her part, she reluctantly consented to be escorted to the table she deliberately walked out of the room on discovering that Mrs. Eaton was seated at the head of the table."

APPEAL TO THE KING.

Kruger Said to Have Asked a Hearing for Boers.

DEWET HARD PRESSED.

Plumer Inflicts Severe Punishment at Philippstown—Boers Retire in Confusion.

London, Feb. 18.—There is an unfounded rumor here today that President Kruger has drafted a personal letter to King Edward setting forth the Boer cause and asking his majesty's consideration.

London, Feb. 18.—According to some of the British correspondents in South Africa, Gen. Dewet's invasion of the Cape Colony has landed him in a bad predicament. They represent him as having lost nearly all his ammunition and as having been turned into a district already denuded of horses and supplies. One Cape Town correspondent says he hears that the Boer leader is again surrounded. The prisoners captured by Col. Crabbie are represented as having been in the most deplorable condition. Many of them were ragged and without shoes. Gen. Dewet, according to the correspondent, is obliged to frequently resort to force to keep his men in hand. Many have deserted since they crossed the Orange river. His horses are exhausted and underfed.

Orange River Blocks Pursuit.

The Times correspondent at DeAar confirms the report that Dewet's command is "extremely exhausted," and "thinned on all sides." He adds: "Unfortunately the heavy rains have handicapped the movement of British troops from the north. The country is reduced to a swamp. The rise of the Orange river behind the Boers, which ought to have been an advantage, has only prevented the co-operation of Gen. Bruce-Hamilton's column on the enemy's rear."

"The invaders get sympathy, but few recruits except mere youths. They are mainly armed with Lee-Method's."

Plumer Strikes Heavy Blow.

Pretoria, Feb. 18.—Later details of Col. Plumer's engagement with the retreating forces of Dewet show that the punishment inflicted on the Boers was greater than at first reported. Gen. Dewet, having crossed the Orange river with a large convoy of ammunition, Col. Plumer's column gave chase to him and inflicted a severe defeat upon his command at Philippstown. The Boers retired in confusion at night, through rain and mud. They narrowly escaped capture.

Col. Crabbie, with a force of guards, was sent with an armored train to cut off Gen. Dewet's retreat at Hout Kraal. He captured fifty prisoners and twenty wagons, containing practically all of Gen. Dewet's supplies, 50,000 rounds of ammunition, 600 shells and a Maxim gun.

The Boers dispersed over the veldt in the direction of Bristown, with the exception of the Carolina commando, which managed to break through the British lines and retreat westward. Mrs. Botha, having obtained the permission of Gen. Kitchener, has gone eastward to visit her husband, Gen. Botha.

VIEWED WITH ALARM.

Washington Officials Do Not Like the Idea of Renewing Hostilities with China.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—The United States government is facing a serious crisis in China owing to the announcement of the purpose of Field Marshal von Waldersee to begin another offensive campaign. Gen. Chaffee has been invited to join in the expedition which is to be mobilized on a larger scale than anything attempted in China since the great march to Peking. The general so informed the war department today and the officials of the state department have been advised of the situation.

This German movement is viewed with absolute dismay here. It is feared that it requires an immediate decision by the United States government upon its whole line of policy toward the Chinese question. Gen. Chaffee will be told that he is not to participate in this campaign. He has been keeping the American forces in Peking ever since the city was pacified, simply as a legion guard, and the German government is fully aware that the United States government purposefully deprived the American contingent in China of its offensive military character and withdrew it from the control of Count von Waldersee in order to hasten peace negotiations and prevent, far as it could, the continuation of the military movement against the Chinese, which were at once unnecessary and baneful in their effect upon the peace movement. So, our government not having changed its policy, cannot do otherwise than cause Gen. Chaffee to refrain from any participation in hostile military operations.

But another very serious point under consideration is not whether Chaffee shall join the German movement, but whether it is not the duty of our government to exercise all proper efforts to dissuade the Chinese government from undertaking this campaign.

The Chinese government is unfortunately delaying the peace negotiations in an exasperating fashion, and is not responding in proper spirit to the effort of the United States government. Word has come from Minister Coo, which confirms the Chinese decision to accede to the demands of the ministers in the matter of capital punishment of the leaders implicated in the Boxer movement.

SHORT OF STUFF TO FILL HIS PAPER.

Iowa Editor Prints a Pretended Confession of Pat Crowe and Sends it to Sunday Papers.

Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 18.—Editor I. Van Metre of the Waterloo Tribune, whose public reported interview with Pat Crowe and confession from him in regard to the Cudahy kidnapping case has gone broadcast over the country, today declared the whole matter a hoax.

In his explanation of the story, the Iowa editor states that the day before the publication of his weekly paper found him without enough matter to fill his columns and that, believing it would not be taken seriously, he wrote and published the Pat Crowe yarn.

Important Meeting of the Directors at La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 18.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the Interstate Fair association will be held tonight, at which it will be decided whether or not the association will hold a fair this year. The directors are looking forward to the appropriation of \$3000 from the state to help them out, and if the bill now in the Legislature passes, there is no doubt but that a fair will be held.

FOR INTERSTATE FAIR.

William J. Clarke of the proposed American association baseball club of Baltimore says that he has secured the services of signing Thomas Tucker, late captain of the Springfield club, to play first base.

CONGRESS.

Senate.

Wednesday, Feb. 13.—During the greater part of the day the Senate was in session and in the counting of the electoral vote for the President and Vice-President of the United States. Late in the afternoon consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill was resumed, but little progress was made. At a night session the District of Columbia debt bill was read.

Thursday, Feb. 14.—Considered the agricultural appropriation bill at a night session, and the district debt bill at a night session. Friday, Feb. 15.—Passed agricultural appropriation bill, with an amendment increasing from \$100,000 to \$300,000 the sum for the distribution of seeds. Mr. Teller announced that he would refuse to agree to a vote on the shipping bill.

Saturday, Feb. 16.—At the conclusion of the morning hour, when the unfinished business—the shipping bill—was laid before the body, Mr. Spooner moved to proceed to the consideration of the oleomargarine bill. By a practically unanimous vote—only two senators voting in the negative—the motion prevailed. Thus the subsidy bill was displaced as the unfinished business and the oleomargarine bill was placed in that order. After a little over an hour's consideration of the measure it was laid aside in order that unopposed bills on the calendar might be considered. Nearly 300 bills, including a pension bill, were passed during the day.

Monday, Feb. 18.—Nearly the whole of today was devoted to consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill. Amendment appropriating \$100,000 for the purchase of the pneumatic tube service remains undisposed of. Point of order was made against it, but on the appeal of Mr. Mason the entire question was postponed until tomorrow. Mr. Pettus of Alabama delivered a speech in opposition to the ship subsidy bill. Conference report on the military academy appropriation bill was considered. Mr. Daniel of Virginia made a vigorous attack upon the provision which debars a cadet convicted of hazing of holding a commission in the army or the marine corps. The report is still pending.

Tuesday, Feb. 19.—By vote of 15 to 42 rejected conference report on military academy appropriation bill. This action came at conclusion of spirited debate upon provisions relating to business of the bill by conference committee. Report of conference was rejected because regarded by large majority of Senate as too drastic. Mr. Deboe delivered his announced speech upon Nicaragua canal, advocating construction of waterway by United States. Effort was made to obtain consideration for bill providing for the construction of the navy for benefit of Rear-Admirals Sampson and Schley, but it was unavailing.

House.

Wednesday, Feb. 13.—Devoted the day, excepting an hour and a half consumed in counting the electoral vote, to the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. General debate upon this measure was completed, but little actual progress was made. Thursday, Feb. 14.—Considered the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Friday, Feb. 15.—Entire day spent in filibustering. Mr. Cannon of the appropriations committee wanted the sundry civil bill taken up. As this was the last private bill day of the session friends of measures of that kind set up the filibuster.

Saturday, Feb. 16.—Made little progress with the sundry civil appropriation bill. The major portion of the time was spent in debating a proposition offered by Mr. Hill (Conn.) to strike out the appropriation of \$100,000 for the free transportation of silver coin. It was defeated by a vote of 4 to 6. A public business was suspended to allow the members to pay tribute to the memory of the late Representative Horace Fletcher of Delaware.

Monday, Feb. 18.—Under suspension of the rules by a vote of 191 to 41 passed the bill appropriating \$2,000,000 for the St. Louis exposition. The bill to define the word "conspiracy" in the Sherman anti-trust law to avoid the possibility of its being held applicable to labor organizations was defeated by almost a two-thirds vote. Account of two amendments of the judiciary committee placed upon the bill and which were opposed by the labor organizations. The sundry civil bill was under consideration late in the day and Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, took occasion to make a detailed statement of the appropriations for the present Congress.

Tuesday, Feb. 19.—Devoted day to consideration of sundry civil appropriation bill, debate being chiefly upon national irrigation of arid lands. Passed resolution calling upon the state and secretary of treasury regarding shipments to South Africa of horses, mules and other army supplies.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Duluth Herald says: "All don't as to the probability of Tim Donahue managing the Duluth team of the Northwestern league was set at rest today when a letter was received from the star catcher of the Chicago National league club, saying that it was definitely settled that he would come and play for the Duluth team. The letter was received from President James Hart, saying that he will have no objections to Donahue's coming here. As yet the date for the league's organization meeting has not been fixed. As the season does not open until May 30, there is plenty of time, and the preliminary arrangements in the various towns in which it is attracting the most attention now."

George Stallins has signed Norman Ellersfield, the scrappy shortstop, to a Detroit contract. Stallins says that Dick Harley has also accepted terms. President Powers of the American association says that he will call for the schedule meeting of the new league. The meeting proposed for Detroit has been declared off.

William Bourke has purchased the interest of Buchanan Keith in the Omaha baseball team, and now becomes practically sole owner of the franchise and plant.

The Pueblo franchise of the Western baseball league, which is held by Billy Hulen, will no doubt go to Colorado Springs instead of to Sioux City. The Colorado city has offered \$2000 for Hulen's team.

There have been many followers of the same here who believed that Joe Peracine should have had at least a draw with Jack Maxmer before the Badger Athletic club last week, but some of those who have made a study of boxing are of the opinion that, before the referee gave the crowd a decision, although admitting that it was only by a shave.

One of the followers who has taken in all the big contests here and in Chicago for the past five years, in speaking of the matter said: "Referee Wallace knew his business and gave a correct decision. It could not have been otherwise. He wanted to play simply to the crowd, and give the winner the worst of it. I myself would have been pleased to see Peracine win, as I think he made a game and honest battle against Maxmer, and if anything fought the fairer of the two, but on points Maxmer had the best of it and deserved the decision. Wallace knows the game thoroughly and can hold his own alongside the best of referees in the West."

"Spike" Sullivan of New York was given the decision over Tim Kearns of Brooklyn on points after twenty rounds of fighting before the Southern Athletic club of Louisville.

Bobby Dobbs of Memphis and Young Peter Jackson of California fought twenty rounds to a draw before a large crowd at Memphis. The fight was a clever exhibition throughout.

William J. Clarke of the proposed American association baseball club of Baltimore says that he has secured the services of signing Thomas Tucker, late captain of the Springfield club, to play first base.

To Mothers of Large Families.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of



Mrs. Carrie Belleville.

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family."

"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with large families."—Mrs. Carrie Belleville, Ludington, Mich.

